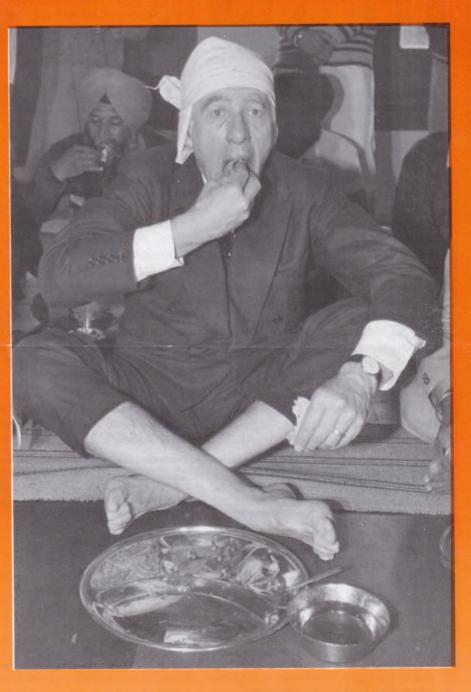
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THE VERY
MODEL OF
A MODERN
FOREIGN
SECRETARY



Straw makes an ass of Britain in India while grovelling for the Sikh vote at home

SEE PAGE TWO



In India for the Southall vote

How many readers recoiled in disgust as they saw in late February the picture of Jack Straw, Her Majesty's Foreign Secretary, no less, sitting with legs crossed at a temple in India, a piece of rag around his head, stuffing his face with some local delicacy and, all in all, looking like some gatecrasher at a fancy dress party rather than the United Kingdom's senior representative overseas?

Mr. Straw was in fact making a visit to the city of Amritsar, during which he further degraded Britain by making a cringing apology for the famed 'Amritsar massacre', thus termed because it involved troops under British command firing on a crazed mob at the Jallianwalla Bagh in the city on 13th April 1919.

The background to this incident has been clouded in the mists of time, and further confused by the constant drip of liberal-left propaganda over 86 years. India at the time was in a ferment, and incidents of violence against British army personnel and their Indian auxiliaries had been reaching a highly

Nationalist comment

dangerous level, particularly in the Punjab. On 9th April savage violence had broken out all over Amritsar. Several Europeans had been murdered, while banks, churches and the railway station had been burnt to the ground. On 12th April two British officers had been dragged from a train near the city and beaten to death.

On the same day Brigadier General Reginald Dyer bought a battalion of troops into Amritsar and issued a proclamation that all public gatherings in the city would be outlawed and that if this were defied his men would shoot the transgressors. The locals had been amply warned.

A huge crowd gathered at the Jallianwalla Bagh, and was being whipped up into a frenzy by several agitators. Dyer, in an act of great courage, ordered his troops to open fire, and thus saved these troops (incidentally Gurkhas) from almost certain annihilation.

Controversy has surrounded the incident ever since. It is now best buried, but that wouldn't have suited Mr. Straw. There are a lot of Indian votes to be courted back in Britain, including Sikh ones. Besides this consideration, the honour of Britain, and of a gallant British officer, are of little account. Brown-nosing was the order of the day, and Jack duly obliged. It churns the stomach that a repulsive creature like our current Foreign Secretary is allowed so to insult the memory of a distinguished soldier whose boots he isn't fit to wipe.

Abortion: the key point

Not a moment too soon, abortion has become an issue in a general election, and the contending parties – and much of the clergy - are locked in bitter argument.

The argument rages over whether there should be a lowering of the time limit on the admissibility of abortions. Tory leader Michael Howard has ignited the debate by saying that in the past he voted for a restriction to 22 weeks but would be prepared to go further and make it 20. A lot of this argument hinges on medical advice on the likely maturity of a foetus, apart from also being affected by religious considerations.

For our part, we take a much simpler view. In fact, we side broadly with the Pro-Life Alliance in maintaining that abortion should be banned completely. We would admit, however, that it could be justified on special medical grounds where birth might endanger the life of the mother. But our position rests not just on moral foundations but, all the more crucially, on racial ones. Among white Britons today there is an alarmingly low birthrate, and our people simply are not replacing themselves. It has been estimated that some six million children have been lost in the United Kingdom since abortion was legalised in 1967. Whilst some of these would have been born to mothers from the ethnic minorities, most have amounted to healthy, sound white children being wantonly taken away from our nation, thus gravely weakening it. That, we submit, is the essence of the issue rather than arguments about periods of pregnancy. When all is said and done, it amounts simply to this: a lost child is a lost child is a lost child.

Tories facing both ways...

With a general election looming and his nostrils sniffing at the ground in search for much-needed votes, Tory leader Michael Howard decided a couple of months ago to play the 'race card' and came out with some rather half-baked proposals for restricting immigration – not enough to make a millimetre of difference to Britain's festering crisis of multi-racialism but just enough, so Mr. Howard hoped, to wean some voters towards Conservatism and away from the BNP.

But these voters should not be fooled into imagining that the Tories have changed. Shortly before Mr. Howard's declaration, the party boasted that it was way ahead of Labour in the fielding of black and Asian candidates. In a report in *Blink*, the black information link, it was announced that "Michael Howard's party now hope to steal Labour's clothes by representing black and minority ethnic communities." The report went on to say that the Tories could have five new ethnic minority MPs after the election.

A case of the right hand not being supposed to know what the left hand is doing!

But that's not all. In a report in London's

Spearhead

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Evening Standard on—11th March—it was disclosed that potential Tory voters in the South of England were being canvassed by telephone from a call centre in Bangalore, India! And not only that, a Labour voter in Hull got a call from the same source. Apparently, a lady with an Indian accent got on the line to him and asked if he was concerned about immigration. When told where she was phoning to she said she didn't even know where Hull was!

All this might be thought of as playing the *anti-racist* card.

... And a gay election it looks like being!

The Independent on 19th March carried a front-page headline saying 'First the grey vote, now the gay vote'. The report following focused on the efforts being made by the three major parties to win the support of what are perceived – whether correctly or not we don't know – to be Britain's 2.65 million homosexual electors.

The three party leaders were then quoted on the subject. On behalf of Labour, Princess Tony, when asked if he could foresee an 'openly gay' prime minister, replied: "Yes, personally, I don't think people would reject a prime minister simply on the basis that he was gay, but there is more likely to be prejudice on the right than on the left." With regard to the question itself, the word 'openly' is an interesting one, and perhaps a key one!

Charles Kennedy, for the Liberal Democrats, volunteered the opinion: "As long as Tories are hung up on gay issues, people think they're weird." The Tories, that is, not the gays!

But it was Tory leader Michael Howard's response that was the most revealing. Way back when as Conservative Home Secretary, he played a major role in the introduction of Section 28, the law forbidding the teaching of homosexuality to schoolchildren. Now, however, the tide of political correctness has evidently got to him. "I've changed my mind on that," he said. "I was wrong." A sinner that repenteth!

The *Independent* report ended gleefully by saying: "Gay rights are banked and secure."

And it looks as if they are for the moment down Brighton and Hove way. In the local *Argus* newspaper on 5th March it was reported that "Three gay candidates will fight for city seat." The report went on to say that:-

"An important landmark in British politics will be marked at the next election when three of the four main political parties field an openly gay candidate in a key seat."

The candidates are standing in Hove. Tory Nicholas Boles, LibDem Paul Elgood and Green candidate Anthea Ballam are declared as 'gay' while Labour representative Celia Barlow, rather surprisingly, is classified as 'straight'.

Some readers will be aware that our editor resides in this constituency. They will perhaps not be surprised to hear that he will be among the abstainers!

Deadlock in Iraq

Just what have the recent Iraqi elections done for the people of the country? In a report in *The Daily Telegraph* on 15th March it was stated:-

"Iraq's interim prime minister, Iyad Allawi, criticised the winners of the January elections yesterday, saying they had 'paralysed' the country by failing over the past six weeks to agree on the shape of a new government."

Apparently, the two main political blocs – the Shia and the Kurds – had yet to reach an agreement, plunging the country into what the report described as "a political limbo."

Perhaps had those who were so keen on political change in Iraq listened to wiser councils they would not have considered it worthwhile sending so many thousands of troops into the country to fight a war for this purpose. Perhaps then the near-hundred British servicemen who have died in this lunatic exercise would still be alive.

Would it be risky to predict a day hence when at least some of those now so wound up over the fate of Iraq will be saying: "Come back Saddam, all is forgiven!"

Invasion alert

"Britain's ladybirds are under threat from an Asian invader, scientists revealed yesterday." So said a report in the *Daily Mail* on 15th March. It went on to state:-

"The newcomer – the harlequin ladybird – eats more than its fair share of greenfly, depriving its British relatives of food. And when supplies run out, it starts eating our ladybirds.

"The Natural History Museum has called on gardeners, farmers and wildlife enthusiasts to help insect experts keep tabs on the predator's progress across the country.

Do you not feel as we do, dear reader, that in all this alarm and activity there is the chilling whiff of racism?

Why just England?

The cause of patriotism and love of country saw the recruitment of two strange and unexpected newcomers last month. In an article in the *Daily Mail* on 15th March (reproduced in a number of places elsewhere) former Home Secretary David

Blunkett said to readers: "Let's be proud to be English." He then spent the best part of a page telling us all about the virtues of England, illustrating his theme with a photo of two youngsters with their faces painted with St. George's crosses and with flags bearing the cross in the background. We should, said Mr. Blunkett, celebrate St. George's Day so as to occupy the ground that will otherwise be claimed by the BNP.

And that wasn't all. In the very same issue of the same paper Lord Hattersley, another Labour Party eminence, had an article titled 'In search of England', in which he recounted a trip through Derbyshire which he had immensely enjoyed, providing as it did so many landmarks of what he called "England's heritage."

What is it with these Labourites that, having spent their political careers trying to knock down and destroy everything symbolic of their country, they are now singing its praises? Could it be that they have come to realise that there are votes in it?

But it is curious – or perhaps not so curious – that they speak only of 'England'. The name of our country is *Britain* – or, if you prefer, the *United Kingdom* – and our heritage is *British*, not just English. It has always been our experience that people of left-wing persuasion, while they may make the occasional concession to 'England' and 'Englishness', hate Britain with an absolute poison – indeed so much so that they seem to resent even using the word.

But maybe there is a hidden agenda here. By constantly harping on 'England' – to the exclusion of Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland – they are antagonising the people of those parts of the Kingdom, thus fanning the flames of separatism and encouraging the country's break-up.

And that has always been a thinly concealed Labour objective.

Britons and Bretons

We didn't know until recently that there are as many as half a million British expats living in France. Apparently, a large number of these are to be found in the north western region of Brittany. In fact there are now so many of them there that the locals are up in arms against what they regard as an invasion, and they have formed an action group, known as *A-Stroll*, to oppose further influx.

We have sympathy with them. The Brits in question are needed back here, while the Bretons are perfectly entitled to protect their own way of life. Among white Europeans there is no problem when the odd individual or family moves from one country to another, but when they do so in such numbers as to form large communities it is time for the process to stop. Good luck to the Bretons who want to keep their land Breton – and French!

British manufacturing edges ever further towards ruin

ONE of the most dishonest myths maintained by the leading political parties and mass media in Britain is that, despite everything that is wrong in the country, we still have a thriving economy - indeed an economy that is doing better than in most countries in neighbouring Europe.

The truth is that for vears the essential foundation stone of Britain's economic strength - its manufacturing capacity has been systematically destroyed. The process started after World War II and has been continuing ever since, but it has become especially rapid in the eight years of the present Labour Govern-

In a report on 7th March in the Daily Mail, a paper which generally subscribes to the theory of a booming British economy, it was acknowledged that a million jobs have been lost in British industry since Labour came to

power in 1997. However, only to a very limited extent has this been shown in increases in unemployment figures. As the Mail report stated: "Unemployment has stayed low, indicating that many of the jobs shed from the industrial heartlands are being replaced by posts in the wealth-sapping public sector." By this is meant, of course, a huge increase in the numbers of civil servants and others doing non-productive jobs in the employ of national and local government and the myriad of busybody organisations purporting to offer 'community services' and the like.

INTERNATIONALISM

We have said so in these columns time and time again: the decline in British manufacturing has gone hand in hand with the exposure of British industry to the international 'free market' in which many British firms have been forced out of business by cheaplabour producers like the Koreans and Chinese, with whom workers earning British wages cannot possibly compete. That, however, would be far from the complete picture. Even where manufacturers in Britain have managed to stay in business there appears to have been a clear and consistent policy on the part of both the leading parties when in office to encourage foreign ownership of our factories. In another Daily

Mail report on 23rd February it was stated that Chancellor Gordon Brown had been preparing a package of multi-million-pound tax breaks to persuade the Chinese company, the Shanghai Automotive Industry Corporation, to buy a 70 per cent stake in MG

Rover, and thus take effective control of this the last British-owned volume car maker.

Only last month there were rapturous reports that the Japanese Honda company was launching a new version of its Civic model, to be built in Swindon. This was described as a great compliment to British car workers, and it led Ken Keir, managing director of Honda UK to say: "Our workforce is doing a good job," and that it proved that "British built is bloody good."

To which we can only reply: if this is so, why on earth can such cars not be built in factories here

that are British-owned, bearing British marques and controlled from British boardrooms? If lack of motor-making skills is not the reason why there is scarcely a British-owned motor manufacturer left, just what is the reason? Is there a deliberate policy, somewhere at the very top level of politics - and determined upon essentially for reasons of politics so to 'globalise' our economy that we do not have any meaningful nationally controlled manufacturing capacity anymore?



UK's Leading British built cars - Honda Civic & CR-V

UNDER FOREIGN CONTROL

This is an advertisement for the much heralded 'British' Honda. The car will be built in the UK (for the time being). But ownership and control will be in Japan.

ESSENTIAL TO SURVIVAL

A superstition seems to have become inbred in modern political circles that a nation of some 60 million people can survive in the world with very little, if any, independent manufacturing capability of its own. It is a highly dangerous philosophy. It not only has a huge effect on the jobs we are able to offer our workers, skilled and unskilled, but it bears upon our very existence as an independent nation, able to make our own way in the world. It could have - and is having already - an adverse effect on our ability to defend ourselves (a growing part of the weapon power of our armed forces is supplied from overseas). The superstition must be ditched, and industrial resurgence in Britain must begin!

The things they're saying

It is not Hackney that is the future of the world but Japan. The Japanese emigrated in large numbers during their turbulent and impoverished period last century, notably to North and South America. But as Japan became peaceful and prosperous, emigration all but stopped. The Japanese like being in Japan because they can speak Japanese, measure their flats in tatami mats, and eat raw pilot whale intestine (It's as disgusting as it sounds). And they don't have to catch a plane to visit relatives. Sharing the same language, culture and values as the people you come into daily contact with may not be excitingly multi-cultural, but it means you end up with deeper relationships, a sense of community, belonging and security.

ANTHONY BROWNE The Spectator (19.2.05)

Now seen as a dishonourable scoundrel who took us to war on the basis of lies – certainly by most of the women he faced on Jonathan Dimbleby's ITV show yesterday – Tony Blair seeks to redeem his battered reputation with do-goodery.

Bwana Blair trumpets the first report from his Commission for Africa, set up in 2004, saying: "If we have the political will and courage, we can transform lives. I believe that there is no more noble cause than galvanising the world to help transform the lives of millions of our felow human beings in Africa."

Decent politicians don't describe what they're doing as courageous and noble. It's cheap, especially when they're merely talking about new ways of giving away public money.

> PETER McKAY Daily Mail (18.3.05)

All you need to know is that since Labour came to power the amount taken from us in tax has more than doubled from £237 billion to £500 billion.

If they get back to office that's projected to rise to £800 billion.

And for what?

Do you feel twice as well off as you did in 1997?

Do you think hospitals are twice as good? Do you wait half as long to see a doctor?

Do you think schools are twice as good? Has your journey to work been cut by half?

Are our streets twice as safe? Are you half as likely to be burgled or have your car vandalised?

Are your dustbins emptied twice as often?
RICHARD LITTLEJOHN
The Sun (18.3.05)

If you want to know what is the proper or politically correct approach to anything, you have only to switch on *The Archers*. The

EXTRACTS FROM THE MAINSTREAM MEDIA

right, decent, caring line on inclusion or grieving or fostering or breast cancer or rape or private schools or anorexia or social workers will be revealed through a clunking plot. And all these 'issues' come into the story with almost surreal regularity. Life in Ambridge has the curious quality of being both exhausting and dull.

Inclusion and positive discrimination are the agenda. So we have had an Indian woman lawyer with a charming auntie, a gay chef followed by several gays, a female vicar, a motherless black daughter for the new male vicar, and so on. It is a bit heavy, but it is educational in more than one way. It teaches you not just what to think but what, according to contemporary orthodoxy and the *bien pensant* man in Whitehall, you are supposed to think. Perhaps this is why *The Archers* is so acceptable to the old and new Labour luvvies, deeply conventional as they so often are.

MINETTE MARRIN The Sunday Times (13.3.05)

Only someone with a heart of stone could fail to laugh at the moral outrage unleashed against the IRA when it offered to shoot the killers of Robert McCartney.

For years, we have welcomed the IRA's mouthpieces among us as 'partners for peace' and ignored the sour stink of fear and cordite that still hangs around them.

But when the boys in the balaclavas propose to dispose of some nasty murderers (with rather more evidence against them than our Home Secretary, Charles Clarke, requires to put someone under house arrest) everyone gets pious...

So what's the problem with these particular killings all of a sudden? Oh, I get it. The death penalty is an infringement of *human rights*. We can't have that, can we? Deal with terrorists for political gain? Fine. Release them into the community? Cool. Let them raise funds where they will and give their allies offices at Westminster and tea at Downing Street? No problem.

But when they propose to bring back the death penalty to the British Isles, well that's really going a bit too far, chaps.

The truth is that the family of Robert Mc-Cartney would get more justice from the IRA than they will ever get from the feeble courts of the emasculated British state.

PETER HITCHENS *The Mail on Sunday* (13.3.05)

In this last week or so we have opened our eyes to another scandal in our schools: apparently children eat pizza and chips for lunch every single day of the week and are becoming, as a result, ever more fat and stupid. You may have watched the excellent Jamie Oliver on television railing against this awful diet. What doesn't seem to have occurred to anybody is that children will not eat pizza and chips every day if they are not offered pizza and chips every day. And if they are offered pizza and chips every day, they will invariably choose to eat it over more nutritious alternatives. But this hasn't occurred to anybody, because the whole notion of such a coercive approach is antithetical to our present view of children. Only when we rediscover the importance of instruction will we see an improvement in the classroom and in the dinner queue.

ROD LIDDLE *The Spectator* (5.3.05)

Political and military decision-making is conducted under the glare of publicity and, currently, by a government obsessed with spin, no personal experience of the Services and a cynical disregard for truth.

A high-risk strategy implemented by a reckless government inevitanly leads to chaotic development of strategy and confusingly directed operations, exactly what was seen in Iraq. The public understands defence; it does not understand expeditionary warfare. The lack of clarity inherent in the expeditionary strategy makes it difficult for any government to gain the public support so essential to a successful military operation, particularly, as in the case of Iraq, where there is no threat to the British people.

PETER GARDNER (Cdr. RN Ret.) Letter in *The Daily Telegraph* (15.3.05)

Blair said Blunkett left without a stain on his character. In which case why did he have to leave at all?

Could it have had anything to do with the fact that he had abused his position as Home Secretary to fast-track a visa for his son's nanny?

Or that he'd used Government rail warrants and official limos to ferry his bird to his Peak District love nest?

Or even that he'd got another man's wife up the duff and was in the middle of a demented legal and media tug-of-war over the child – and another baby she was expecting, which turned out not to be his after all?

We're not supposed to mention any of this. It's time to "move on."

Just as we had to "move on" twice from Peter Mandelson's mortgage fraud and flogging passports for political donations.

> RICHARD LITTLEJOHN The Sun (15.3.05)

NEW PARTY A NON-STARTER

ALL THIS has been said before, but it is clear that it needs saying again – and again – and again – and again. The formation of a new party is no solution to the problems besetting nationalism in Britain, and in particular the British National Party.

The new-party issue has raised its head again in recent months, whereas all past experience and common sense should have buried it once and for all. And what is disconcerting is that so many of those raising it are people who more or less see eye to eye with me on what is wrong with things as they are in the BNP. I believe that this new party talk is utterly destructive and suicidal, and must be opposed vigorously whenever and wherever it raises its head. By stating this here, I expect I shall upset a number of people whom I regard as my friends and who, at least on the strength of their declarations, are my supporters. It nevertheless has to be said. As long as we waste our energies talking and dreaming about new parties, we are distracting ourselves from the essential job at hand, which is to put right what is wrong in the only party on the British scene through which anything of political value can be achieved: the BNP.

Let us briefly look at the arguments in favour of a new nationalist party so that they can be appropriately demolished and consigned to the dustbin. I think I am in perhaps a uniquely good position to answer those arguments because in 48 years of involvement in nationalist politics I have been a participant in the formation of new parties on no fewer than three occasions, while on several other occasions being a witness to others forming them. I speak here, of course, of new parties formed as a result of breakaways from existing parties, not of those formed by merging together parties that were previously separate. The latter is a constructive process, the former only ever a destructive one.

Arguments in favour

But what of the arguments? In the current situation they amount basically to these: the BNP has been taken over by people who are leading it in a wholly wrong direction, away from genuine nationalism and towards a kind of 'right-wing' conservatism; these people are not in nationalist politics for genuine reasons but only for self-serving ones; and most pertinent of all, they are so firmly



Forget the dreams and fantasies, says JOHN TYNDALL, it is the BNP or nothing

entrenched in the BNP that there is no possibility of removing them and taking the party back.

I do not accept the latter supposition but I will leave it aside for the moment and return to it later in this article. Let us right now focus solely on the practicalities of forming a new party by way of a breakaway from the BNP, and of making it successful.

Such success, it must be presumed, would come from drawing away from the BNP, bit by bit, most if not all of its member support, so that the BNP is left eventually with almost nothing and the new party takes the bulk of its former members and in due course becomes the dominant organisation within the nationalist spectrum, in effect superseding the BNP in that role.

Well, straightaway I must state that this simply would not happen. I know because I have been there many times, on occasion as one of the new party pioneers but more often as an opponent of the process and forced to watch the folly of others — and in the end their predictable and inevitable failure.

The one exception to this rule of failure that might be cited is the example of the BNP

itself. It was formed in 1982 as a breakaway from the National Front. What happened in the following years was instructive as an example of what almost invariably results when parties split. A significant number of members followed us out of the NF and supported our new venture. However, an also significant number stayed with the Front. These included many who actually agreed with us over what was wrong in the NF and would have preferred our faction to lead it and determine policy. However, their institutional loyalty got the better of them and decided them to stay put. Just as many a patriot supports his country even when he knows that it is wrong, so these people stood by the NF notwithstanding that they disagreed with its leaders over the issues that divided us.

But there were more than just two factions that emerged out of this conflict; there was a third. This consisted of the numbers of people, again significant, who took no side. They did not stay with the Front but neither did they come with us. They simply dropped out in demoralisation, disillusionment, disgust and despair. They hated the quarrelling and just wished it would end and everybody kiss and make up. Unrealistic perhaps. Naïve? Undoubtedly. But the unrealistic and the naïve nevertheless are human factors that have to be taken into account in every calculation of which way people will move politically. Too often, leaders of enterprises have failed to do so in formulating their plans.

Among these people there was also, of course, the element of opportunism. Many decided that they would just wait to see who won, and then come down on the winning side – a phenomenon which we have seen to exist right up to the present in the convulsions in today's BNP. The political attitudes and motivations of these people are hardly admirable, but they have to be recognised as a reality.

A split: what would happen?

If the BNP were now split by the formation of a new party by dissident elements within it, exactly the same thing would happen. The dissidents might protest a thousand times over that they were politically and morally in the right. It would not alter the dispositions of the battlefield, which are determined by human nature — and, to no

small degree, by the factual considerations of *power*.

We who formed the BNP in 1982 soon learned these truths, if we had not had a fairly strong intimation of them when we started. It was not long before we recognised that there would be a hard and long slog, extending over several years, before one faction or the other – and we naturally hoped it would be our faction – would emerge clearly the stronger and more successful and thus draw most of the stragglers with it by virtue of this strength and success.

In the outcome, it was not until the early 1990s - almost a decade later - that the BNP could be seen very clearly to have eclipsed the National Front and asserted itself as the leader of British Nationalism. But even then that did not result in the Front folding up and its remaining members coming over to us. The National Front is still in existence today, albeit as a mere shadow of the party it had once been in its heyday of the 1970s. All good sense would dictate that it disband and that its followers join the BNP, but good sense does not always carry the day in the complex and enigmatic world of politics. In effect, the division that occurred in the NF in the early 1980s never healed. This very month we are 23 years on from that destructive moment. Do we have another 23 years or even another ten years - in which we can afford to fight out a new factional conflict in which these events repeat themselves?

Still smaller than the old Front

And there is another thing of which we should take careful account. Notwithstanding that the BNP emerged the 'victor' in its split with the National Front, and notwithstanding its recent very welcome election successes (achieved in a political climate immeasurably more favourable to nationalism that that of 25-30 years ago), it is still a fact that our party has not yet grown to a size of membership comparable to that of the Front in the late 1970s.

I have focused on this particular episode because it was the foremost, and by far the most important, among the many splits and breakaways that have occurred in British Nationalism over the past half-century. The lessons derived from it should be drilled into our minds so firmly and ineradicably that we never set out on that course again.

It even invites the question: would an alternative course have been possible in 1982? Could the differences within the National Front at that time have been better resolved by our continuing in the party and thrashing them out by internal means? All this long time afterwards, I cannot pretend to have an absolutely firm answer to that question. In the case of that conflict, what happened happened, and it is too late to go back. But we can resolve that it will never happen again. Time anyway simply does not permit a re-enactment of the struggle for



NATIONAL FRONT IN THE 1970s
Before it split it was considerably larger in membership than the BNP is today

primacy between the two factions that parted company back in 1982.

And exactly the same process would undoubtedly occur if the BNP were split today and a new party formed by its presently dissident elements, in other words ourselves. Many who might sympathise with our arguments would stay with the status quo out of institutional loyalty, even if they were not enamoured of the present leadership and its somersaults in policy. Likewise, many would take a neutral position, drop out altogether or just sit tight until they had seen who came out on top. Nationalism as a whole would be devastated, and this would be a huge boon to the phoney 'patriots' of UKIP, now supplemented by Robert Kilroy Silk's Veritas party. It would also be very welcome news to the

Other new party ventures

Of course, the NF-BNP split has not been the only one to have occurred over the period we have studied. The first split that I ever experienced was one in which I was a major participant. This occurred in 1958, when a group of dissidents in what was then the League of Empire Loyalists broke away to form the National Labour Party. I shared with other NLP founders the strong criticisms of the running of the League that led to that split, and I have continued to do so until this day. But I have long believed, with the coming of more mature judgement, that the decision to split was wrong. Actually, within a year or two of this occurrence the new organisation could probably have claimed more active members than the old one, and could thus be said to have 'won'. But that would have proved little in the way of real practical politics. Both groups were but tiny

specks on the political horizon in Britain, no more than a nuisance to the powers that were.

Ironically, nine years later the two main adversaries and most of their followings in this conflict came together with the formation of the National Front in 1967, with former LEL chairman A.K. Chesterton made leader. So what had the intervening nine years accomplished? To me they had proved a colossal waste of time and effort — with only a legacy of bitter lessons learned in how things should not be done.

And there were many similar adventures. The same man who split the LEL in 1958 to form the NLP then split its successor organisation, the earlier British National Party, four years later in 1962. I was an unwilling participant in this split. For some five years the remnants of the split carried on in mutual hostility and rivalry until most of them came back together in the newly formed NF. Again, more wasted effort and more mutual bitterness, with enemies looking on in amusement and delight.

Yet more splitting

When the Front was formed in 1967 this happened by a process completely opposite to the general trend. It came about through a merger of previously separate organisations – a wholly positive step. Some of us naïvely thought that this signalled an end to the splintering tendency. Nationalism in Britain, we thought, had grown up. But it was not to be. In 1972 there was an attempt to split the NF through the formation of a breakaway group calling itself the 'National Independence Party'. The 'Nippers', as some of us called them, lasted about a year, after which they were gone and mostly forgotten. Then

Contd. overleaf

NEW PARTY A NON-STARTER

(Contd. from prev. page)

in 1976 the splitters were at it again. This time the new organisation was called the 'National Party'. That experienced a similar fate. But some people hadn't learned. At the end of 1979 there was yet another attempt to split the NF after an unsuccessful takeover bid aimed at displacing me as leader. Here there were actually two breakaway groups, one calling itself the National Front Constitutional Movement and the other the National Democratic Party. But within a comparatively short time both these new ventures had gone the same way as all the others. They were not seen nor heard of again.

There was one thing that all these splits had in common, and it is important that we learn this. At the end of the day, the political, ideological and theoretical arguments dividing the warring parties were irrelevant. What decided the issue was a simple matter of power - power and leadership. Where the latter was concerned, the men who eventually ended up on top were not those who were politically or ideologically 'right'; they were the ones with the greater capabilities, the greater will, determination and commitment, and the superior awareness of the power factors that would decide the issue. In all these cases the final outcome was that the splits failed. The parent organisation survived and the breakaways sooner or later fizzled out. The new parties flopped and the original parties carried on, albeit invariably greatly weakened by the bloodletting that had occurred. No one gained except the enemies of nationalism.

And with regard to the latter truth, the same could be said of the one case where a breakaway movement — a new party — emerged stronger and more successful than the one from which it had split. I mean of course the outcome of the NF-BNP split in 1982. Again, only the enemies of nationalism profited.

It will therefore perhaps be understandable to many that when I hear current talk recommending new parties I am tempted to groan in despair. Has the history of the past 40-50 years of the nationalist movement in Britain taught us nothing? It would seem that some are just unwilling ever to be taught. They persist throughout their lives going on making the same old mistakes. Are we now doomed to see a re-run of this? Not if I have any say in it!

Behind the new-party drive

What drives people to form new parties? There are three factors present. In previous articles I have focused on the role of state security services, which infiltrate agents into radical organisations in order to promote internal quarrelling and division. Undoubtedly such people have played a major role in

encouraging the formation of splinter groups.

Secondly, there is the factor of personal egotism. Individuals with modest positions in larger organisations are attracted to smaller ones because they give greater scope for ambition and allow such people to be "big fishes in little ponds,"

Thirdly, it is still true to say that a considerable majority of those who take part in the formation of splinter parties do so for perfectly honourable reasons. The trouble is that they simply have not thought through thoroughly enough the consequences of their actions. In addition to this, they tend to be people who react *emotionally* to situations. They *feel* like doing something, so they do it — and to hell with the consequences! Personal emotion is the worst possible criterion for the making of political decisions which could have very serious consequences, yet there are many who persist in letting their judgement be shaped in that way.

Self-discipline

I have found that a major factor in inducing people to flirt with the idea of leaving the party they are in and joining another one is a simple lack of selfdiscipline. They do not seem capable of understanding, much less accepting, that in the world of politics one must at times put up with situations one doesn't like and dealing with people to whom one would not give the time of day if one had the luxury of private choice. I am perhaps in as good a position as any to testify to the wrongness of this attitude and to urge people to take what could be called a more transcendent view. In quite recent times I have submitted myself, not once but twice in the course of sixteen months, to the distasteful experience of being 'carpeted' on ridiculous disciplinary charges by Mr. Tony Lecomber, a man for whom I have the utmost personal contempt. I did so because I knew that I was in a war, in which it was vital to keep a cool head and act in the most practical way rather than the way dictated by one's feelings. The particular objective in the war in this case was to drum me out of the BNP. My only practical course of action against this was redress in the courts of law. I would stand no chance of getting a court to listen to my case had I not first gone through the required disciplinary process as laid down in the party constitution, which meant attending a quite ridiculous 'trial' in which Mr. Lecomber would have the enormous satisfaction of subjecting me to every indignity he could. In these situations, when one is dealing with people like him, one has to allow them their hour or two of inflated self-importance in order to accomplish the necessary object in the exercise.

Unfortunately this self-discipline does not always rule people's actions, and rash moves are made which in the final outcome prove counter-productive. I have to say that a very significant part of the drive by people towards forming splinter parties comes from thinking emotionally when they should remain ice-cool.

Leadership a first requirement

Another symptom of the tendency not to think things through in a logical and methodical way is the inclination to rush into starting up new parties without giving any really serious thought to the question of who is to lead them, and whether there is in fact anyone available and willing with the capabilities to do so at a level that would enable the new party in question to become nationally credible. Such parties seem to be perceived as little private gangs rather than serious political movements with the personnel, organisation and resources to operate effectively on the national political scene.

I recall being inveigled, in the days of my political youth, into supporting just such a venture which clearly was undertaken in this atmosphere. The chief motivator always acknowledged to people close to him that he did not see himself as a 'national leader', but he went ahead in the hope that such a person would emerge and take over as things went on. In fact he did have someone in mind for this role, who looked and talked the part. However, that someone turned out in the outcome to have feet of clay. He was never interested in playing anything more than a dilettante role in the party that was formed, while leaving his admirer to do virtually all the practical work. I say this as someone who actually had quite a liking for him, while being painfully aware of his personal limitations. The point to be made here is that no one is of the slightest use in leading a political party unless, apart from any external qualities such as charisma, intellect or the gift of the gab, he has the real motivation and drive to push the party through to success. You do not find leadership by forming something and then inviting the hoped-for leader to come in and take it over. If that person is any kind of leader he would be the one to take the first step. His would be the drive and initiative to activate things.

If there is not currently any person in Britain with these qualifications who is prepared to initiate a new party and take on the main burden of running it, there simply isn't going to be any new party capable of getting anywhere — whatever its theoretical merits may be and whatever the good intentions of those who favour the idea. That is the *de facto* situation that exists at the present time, and so there just is no point in continuing to argue about the matter.

Need for patience

In the self-discipline of which I have spoken one essential ingredient is patience. It is very seldom in politics (and particularly in *British* politics) that things happen at the speed at which we would like them to

happen. When they do not happen at the desired speed, self-discipline dictates to us that we submit ourselves to whatever wait is necessary until they do – whilst using the intervening time to do everything we can do that is *practical* to hasten things up.

I have to say this because one of the things that have been noticeable in recent times has been the tendency of some people to put a time limit on the kind of changes in the BNP that so many of us favour. If the changes have not come about in such and such a time, the reasoning goes, a new party will be the only option. What are we seeing here? Are we seeing a rationally calculated assessment of the situation? No, what we are seeing is human emotion and impatience taking over — hearts ruling heads and practical politics going out of the window.

Main rationale for split

Before ending, I must come to the rationale that is perhaps most often offered in support of the new-party strategy: that the BNP cannot be changed; that its present leadership and course of policy are set in stone and are unchallengeable.

I have said earlier that I do not accept this argument. In the way of knowledge and information, I am in fact much better placed to judge the situation in the BNP than most of the 'new-party' advocates, who tend to make their judgements from outside. I believe that the party *can* be retaken and turned round by the nationalist fundamentalists whom I represent.

But even if there were no prospect of doing this in the foreseeable future, would this alter the picture substantially? Would it justify the new-party course? In my very firm opinion it would not. Here we have to take a step or two back and look at matters from the standpoint of the overall good of nationalism in Britain. I strongly believe that, though it is most undesirable for the BNP to continue on its present course and under its present controllers, for the party to be split by the formation of a new one would be a disaster of infinitely greater magnitude. It would be a matter of stepping from the frying pan into the fire. It would be a course of political suicide and despair. To repeat, I know because I have been there!

And of one thing we can be sure: our enemies know it too! The neutralising of nationalism by means of splintering it has been the name of their game ever since I first became involved with the movement, and probably for a long time before that. In this regard, because of our own foolishness (which at times in the past I have shared) they have scored some notable successes. It is time to stop obliging them.

There was never any doubt in my mind that these enemies had a hand in the takeover of the BNP in 1999. I believe they calculated that when this happened I would be unprepared to go on serving the party in any position other than leader and would lead a breakaway from it. They proved to be mistaken: we did not oblige them.

I believe that every move away from genuine nationalism that has been made in the party since has been calculated to push its fundamentalists to such anger and frustration that they would stage the breakaway hoped for in 1999 but not then carried out, that they would launch a new party and achieve the split in nationalism that is our enemies' goal. As in the past, we must not oblige them.

Non-party group suggested

Some friends who share my opinions on current BNP leadership and policy have discussed with me the setting up of an active political group which would be somewhere short of an actual party. It would not fight elections and thus would not be in competition with the BNP in that, politically the most important, field. But it would serve as a rallying point for the many who want to be politically active but cannot stomach the BNP as it presently is – or are anyway barred from BNP membership by the decision of its controllers.

I have said to these people that I am not particularly keen on the idea but that if others want to go ahead with it I will not try to stop them but will endeavour to maintain good relations with them. To me, any effort put into alternative organisations, even if they are not conceived as actual parties, is a distraction from the task of working to reform the BNP. In fact, the latter task has been made immeasurably more difficult by the action of people, probably numbered in the several hundreds, of removing themselves from BNP membership and thus disenfranchising themselves in the way of voting for change. They want that change, but it is their action that has rendered it all the harder. Now they look to others to bring it about!

Nevertheless, difficult though is the task of recapturing the BNP and turning it around, it still is the only practical course. It is the one on which my energies will remain concentrated; and I urge upon everybody that theirs should be thus concentrated too — while I am mindful, of course, that some will not heed me because they are the kind of people who always know best!

MADHOUSE BRITAIN

AN Albanian who used a fake identity to claim asylum in Britain has been awarded $\pounds 6,000$ compensation from the Government over its attempts to deport him.

Adriano Dule said he was from war-torn Kosovo when he arrived here five years ago. He then cost the taxpayer tens of thousands with two bogus asylum claims and numerous failed appeals and High Court hearings.

But when the Home Office tried to deport him he claimed he had been unfairly treated and was awarded the generous payout.

* * *

AN operation to arrest 25 suspected illegal immigrants using bogus identities was stopped at the last minute last month to avoid embarrassing the Government in the build-up to the general election.

Police and immigration officials had identified properties on a council estate occupied by Africans whose national insurance numbers did not match the names they had given to the local housing department in Rochdale, Lancs.Local residents had noticed a large influx of Africans and Afro-Caribbeans in previously empty council properties.

But as the raid was ready to be sprung it was called off by senior managers for fear of causing problems for Mr. Blair.

ANOTHER £6,000 award was made last month – in this case to a convicted paedophile It was made by the European Court of Human Rights because his trial had been delayed too long.

The beneficiary of this piece of charity was Rupert Massey, who was jailed for six years at Wolverhampton Crown Court for sexually abusing three schoolboys. Massey had complained that his rights had been breached by repeated adjournments which delayed his case coming to court.

ZAMBIAN immigrant Aaron Chisango was driving without a licence and after he had drunk almost a litre of whiskey when he ran over and killed 12-year-old Jamie Mason in Telford, Shropshire, in January. He received a sentence of – wait for it – two months!

Magistrates took into account that he had already spent seven weeks remanded in custody.

Chinsango should not even have been in the country. He has had three appeals to stay in Britain turned down since he overstayed a student visa in 1999, and lawyers are now making a bid for judicial review of his case, so that in the meantime he cannot be deported.

CARL MURPHY, 18, from Seaforth, Liverpool, was nine years old when he suffered serious injuries while trespassing on a warehouse roof back in 1996.

Murphy, now 18 and with a criminal record, was awarded £567,000 compensation last month, after having spent many years suing the owners of the warehouse. His case rested on the fact that had the perimeter fence not been in disrepair he would never have been able to get in!

BRENDON FEARON, the recidivist criminal who took part in the raid on the house of Norfolk farmer Tony Martin in 1999, has been paid £4,500 by the BBC to take part in a televised documentary on the incident, to be shown this month.

Meanwhile Mr. Martin, the victim of the raid who served four years in jail for shooting one of the burglars, will also appear in the programme but is not being paid a penny.

Latest in the long-running Ernst Zündel saga

DEPORTED TO GERMANY

AT the beginning of March, Ernst Zündel was deported back to Germany by the Canadian Government. This was the news that many nationalists and supporters of free speech had both feared and expected. In Germany, Zündel could face a prison sentence of up to 10 years, merely and solely for his opinions regard- ing the events of World War II. He had left Germany as young man in September 1958, arriving in Canada with \$200, a suitcase and a fishing rod. He was return- ing to a homeland that was very different to the one he left – a country with over 400,000 homeless, for example.

As most of these homeless are native Germans, they tend not to attract much help or attention, unlike the more favoured asylum-seekers. The German Government has also, over recent years, been able to find the money to give a couple of new submarines to Israel, instead of helping its own aged and needy with cash.

Zündel had been held in Canadian jails for over two years under a particularly gruelling regime. For example, he was not permitted to spend one night in the dark during all that time, or allowed the use of a chair, clock or calendar. As a result of this harsh treatment — inflicted on the man just for his opinions and beliefs — Ernst Zündel has become visibly aged and careworn.

But the leading Canadian paper, the *Globe and Mail*, was – to say the least – not exactly sympathetic to Ernst during this ordeal. It commented in an editorial just days before his deportation that:-

"Ernst Zündel is a despicable character who associates with even more despicable characters. He is a Holocaust-denier, an associate of white supremacists and, though he insists his wife holds the only password, the effective operator of a website that spews hateful material to the world."

Journalists, of course, are often notoriously lazy, and here we see the clear evidence of over-reliance on distorted handouts from the Anti-Defamation League and other such bodies. Archived on the Zündelsite are contributions from such 'hateful' writers as Robert Fisk, Dr. Henry Makow (Jewish) and Elizabeth Corrie, mother of the murdered Rachel. Space has also been given to various other holocausts largely denied or ignored by the system media, such as Iraqi sanctions, what our own country did to the Boers in South



Ernst Zündel on his arrival in Germany last month

Africa around 1900, or the Jenin massacre. Ernst Zündel's wife Ingrid also insists that she is more than willing to give space to contrary views. Despite the offer, most – maybe all – of Zündel's opponents seem to prefer the sledgehammer of a manipulated law to reasoned argument.

Nor is Zündel an isolated figure. Chemist Germar Rudolf had to flee his post at the Max Planck Institute after coming up with 'unacceptable' research findings about the persistence of cyanide compounds, coming first to this country and then to the United States of America – from which state, like Zündel, he faces the distinct possibility of deportation back to Germany. Likewise, Jürgen Graf, the Swiss author of the banned book *The Giant with Feet of Clay*, only escaped jail by emigrating to Iran.

WIDENING CREDIBILITY GAP

The frantic nature of the co-ordinated, ruthless and desperate efforts made to silence such dissenters should give the open-minded pause for thought. In recent years we have seen many untrue stories surface about Iraq: the non-existent 'weapons of mass-destruction' and Saddam's giant 'human shredding machine' come to mind. Earlier than these bizarre fictions was the bogus tale of babies being flung out of incubators in Kuwait by Iraqi soldiers. So, it is reasonable to suggest that large chunks of allied propaganda about the alleged atrocities of an earlier conflict are not necessarily true.

Indeed Zündel denies nothing that is actually established, writing that:-

"The Second World War was a Holocaust for everyone in it. If we are to draw lessons from the Second World War, we must find out what led to this monstrous event. We must find out as people, as a planet, as human beings, what really happened. Because otherwise we might well overlook when real holocausts are planned in the future."

Or equally correctly that:-

"It is absolutely true that Jews were incarcerated and often treated cruelly. They were seen as the enemy, just as in our times the 'Nazis' are seen as the enemy of entrenched oligarchies."

This was also the fate of second-generation Japanese in the United States, including old people and children, who were largely loyal to their adopted country. Even so, they finished up incarcerated in concentration camps in the Californian desert. In our own country, those who correctly foresaw and predicted that our involvement in World War II would lead to the ruin of

IAN BUCKLEY reports on the trials of the world's foremost martyr for free speech

Britain were also imprisoned, sometimes under conditions of half-starvation, and terrified by threats of summary execution.

In more recent years, quite a few Britons have been subject to degradation and humiliation as a consequence of the economic failure induced by various incompetent or degenerate governments.

It is all very well to point to the photograph of the young lad in the Warsaw Ghetto with his hands up before German troops, but – as the captions sometimes truthfully admit – the boy pictured in Warsaw later became a successful London businessman. This is rather more than can be said for some Welsh or Yorkshire boys of the same age killed in accidents gathering spoil-heap coal for much-needed heat when the mining communities were closed down in our own dear Tory Party's version of the Morgenthau Plan.

Even though National Socialist Germany was more or less founded on a concept of race, this does not necessarily prove genocidal intentions towards outsiders. Hitler's own chauffeur and old comrade Emil Maurice, one of the founder members of the SS, is reliably rumoured to have been

Jewish or part-Jewish. Also part-Jewish were numerous military men of the Third Reich, such as Luftwaffe General Wilberg and Admiral Bernhard Rogge, commander of the *Atlantis* and *Prinz Eugen*. Additionally, small numbers of Indians, Blacks and so on, resided in Nazi Germany uninterned and unmolested.

So it can be seen, even from this brief overview, that the situation in wartime Germany was much more complex than the stark, black and white picture presented to us by the media and tame historians. Which side should be given credence: the one that wants debate and investigation, or the one that suppresses it with phalanxes of judges, lawyers, politicians and jailers?

'THREAT TO SECURITY'

It is difficult to decide what was the most disturbing feature of the Zündel case. Perhaps it was the blatant partiality of Justice Pierre Blais, who was surprised by the defence having a cosy chat with the State Prosecutor. But this is unsurprising as Blais is a former head of the Canadian SIS (equivalent to 'our' MI5). Justice Blais described Ernst Zündel as - wait for it -"not only a threat to Canada's national security but also a threat to the international community of nations." The judge's comments are of a piece with the supposed enormous 'global outrage' over Prince Harry's fancy dress! More rational people might see different, worthier candidates as threats to "the international community of nations."

An even more disturbing aspect was the issuing of a so-called 'national security certificate' to ensure the deportation of a pacifist with no criminal record. As a result of this move, Ernst was denied even the right to see the evidence against him, always assuming that there *was* any real evidence against him.

This security certificate arrangement was rushed through the Canadian Parliament following the alleged Al Qaeda attacks on the US, and is supposedly an anti-terrorist measure. This is somewhat ironic when one considers that Zündel, so far from being a terrorist, was the near-victim of one of the few terrorist attacks ever on Canadian soil. Two Canadian cabinet ministers had to sign the certificate, so they must be accounted as little more than hirelings of the 'special interests' that want to see Zündel silenced and behind bars for good.

Astonishingly, in spite of the punishing and exhausting 'third-degree' he has been compelled to endure, Ernst Zündel has managed to retain his capacity for trenchant analysis and astonishing sense. In a letter to a French friend*, written just before his deportation from Canada, he comments

that:-

"It may well be that we are seeing and experiencing [Western civilisation's] actual death throes by corruption, cynicism, and food- and druginduced lethargy and selfcenteredness - junk food of body, mind, and spirit. History records numerous collapses of civilisations, but none like ours... We will implode from within, for our version of the ancient Barbarians are not only long inside our gates, they run our media, our universities, our churches, our governments they are, in fact, already the de facto governments in all but

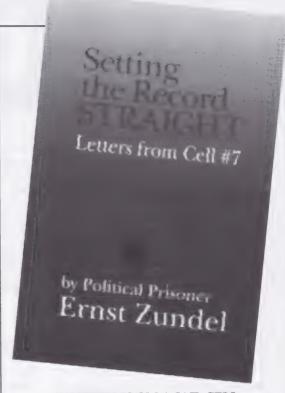
Zündel also puts his finger on the significance of his longrunning battle with the authorities:-

"My case is not only there to scare, frighten and dissuade other heretics and dissidents into compliance or silence; my case will be used as the precedent-setting case, now sanctioned by the courts of the U.S.A. and of Canada – and soon of Germany."

WHO'S NEXT?

Today it's Zündel, but tomorrow the 'freedom-takers' will have new targets, possibly including dissident anti-Zionist leftists, environmentalists or Arab groups. The law has been twisted and perverted in two countries – the U.S.A. and Canada – with two experienced immigration lawyers saying that they'd never seen anything like the procedure used to remove Ernst Zündel from the U.S.A.

In Canada the 'security certificate' was definitely misapplied, even if we generously assume that – like much of the legislation introduced after the possible, indeed probable, 'inside job' of 9/11 – that it was fair or just in the first place.



WRITTEN FROM A JAIL CELL Zündel's thoughts on his persecution. Everyone should read this book

It is only right that the last word should go to Ernst himself, one victim of massive human rights violations and a politicised judicial process who still manages to remain philosophical: "I am sad but not heartbroken for I believe in a higher destiny. I was not meant to retire!"

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* Setting the Record Straight: Letters from Cell No. 7, by Ernst Zündel is available from Spearhead Books. Price £10.00

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Tory time is up

OLD HABITS die hard, especially if they are bad ones. I should know. I've been a paid-up member of the Conservative Party for nearly 35 years. Throughout this time I freely admit I've been labouring under the delusion that if I, and others who share my opinions, campaigned hard enough we would reach the promised land and herald the dawn of a new political awakening. Such achievements as I personally may be able to claim — eight years as a city councillor and four as a borough councillor — have had absolutely no effect, of course, on the direction of party policy.

Others with right-wing nationalist beliefs no less ardent than my own have trod the same path. At the highest level one thinks of the likes of Enoch Powell, Ronald Bell and Richard Body. At local level the irony is that those of nationalist persuasion abound in their several thousands. They resolutely refuse to leave the Conservative Party. Certainly, constraints on leaving, all of them artificially imposed, exist in many forms: tradition, custom, family membership ties, even social standing, but strongest of all, perhaps, is the deeply ingrained feeling that the Tories alone offer a brake against national decline and the triumph of socialism.

These sentiments are highly irrational and are readily countered by two entirely reverse propositions. The first is that the Tories are as much to blame, if not more so, for the advanced state of decadence that characterises so much of our national life as any other political party; the second is that New Labour has disowned socialism as a philosophy and embraced, in an opportunistic way, a form of social utility which allows it to rely on buoyant economic conditions, low unemployment and generous social welfare provision to keep the natives happy.

There may be some recent movement as people begin to see through Blair's political chicanery. The Tories should have been able to take advantage of this but they are unable to move away from their obsession with the need to occupy the 'centre ground' of politics, as they see it. I constantly remind myself of an aphorism employed by the late Sir John Biggs-Davison MP (one of the best Tory MPs, Ulster loyalist, brilliant writer and scholarly exponent of the values of nationhood). "He who walks down the middle of the road soon gets run over by the traffic on both sides." J.B-D was a revered figure on the Tory Right. He hated a lack of ideological commitment he described the middle ground as the "triumph of nothingness" and "a wonderful opportunity for the mediocre."

By its failure to articulate a clear ideological position, which ought to be that of Tory nationalism, the Conservatives are proving to

be the most uninspired opposition party since the war. The next few weeks will be revelatory because nothing is more calculated to sharpen the political reflexes than the imminence of a general election. The self-loathing condition of the Tory parliamentary party in opposition may fairly be compared with an aspiration towards a right-wing government, of the United Nations. This was never obtained to legitimise the invasion of Iraq.

Legalities aside, as has often been asserted in the columns of *Spearhead*, no country should embark upon war without a very good reason for doing so and only where there is a distinct and proven threat to that country's own safety. There may have been

PETER STRUDWICK, a long-time Conservative Party member, analyses what is wrong with his party and contemplates getting out

basing itself on clearly defined nationalist principles, which is shared by me and, as I have already indicated, thousands of other natural Tory supporters. At any rate, it allows for an analysis in some detail of the deeply rooted differences which exist within the party between the leadership and many among the grass roots.

VASSALS OF BLAIR

A good starting point is Iraq. Michael Howard, following the utterly ineffectual Duncan Smith, has chosen to position the Tories as the faithful vassals of Tony Blair, who, in turn, has proved to be no better than the obedient poodle of George W. Bush. In terms of principle, Howard's posturing is badly misconceived. Apart from alienating hundreds of thousands, even millions, of potential supporters, it is folly because it takes no account of the doctrine of nonintervention in the affairs of a sovereign independent state (essentially a Conservative doctrine), as well as being in breach of international law which, for a declaration of war, requires the concurring votes of the permanent members of the Security Council



HOWARD
Obsessed with the 'centre ground'

an argument in favour of 'hot pursuit' at the end of the first Gulf War but none whatever existed two years ago. Howard's equivocations have demonstrated his lack of leadership quality. Over 80 British soldiers have been needlessly killed in the Iraq conflict and 250 more have been wounded. By his humiliating subservience to Blair on this issue Howard has betrayed the ideal of parliamentary opposition in debate. In truth, he should have been calling for Blair to be brought before the International Criminal Court at The Hague for waging aggressive war.

Saddam Hussein may have been a harsh dictator but was his rule over Iraq any more severe than that of, say, Bokassa, Mengistu or Mugabe? The end product of this meddlesome venture is the likelihood that there will be inaugurated a Shia hegemony which will lead to a strengthening of Islamic fundamentalism in that region. Now that could be a threat to the safety of Britain.

No less humiliating to this country has been the Tory failure to digest the effect of the various treaties of the European Union: Rome, Maastricht, Amsterdam and Nice. It is a political contradiction to have given support to these anti-national measures (better described, perhaps, as nation-breaking measures) while proclaiming the iniquities of the Constitutional Treaty. All have as their central purpose the same objective: the transformation of our nation into part of a Federal Union, with the European Commission as the central government of that Union state. Britain will have only such reserved powers as are accorded to it by Brussels. Yet Conservative policy proposals are failing to grasp this reality. Shadow ministers, particularly John Redwood who ought to know better, talk and write about the repatriation of powers from Brussels, appearing to believe that within the existing framework of institutions this would be possible. Clearly, the effect of the treaty obligations are not understood. Have they not heard of the acquis communitaire, empowering the Council of Ministers to veto unilateral rejection of specific measures? This doctrine was introduced into the Treaty of Amsterdam.

Further, the onset of qualified majority voting in decision making diminishes any serious prospect of unilateral rejections. On top of this, the law of treaties is absolutely clear. Pacta sunt servanda – treaties are to be observed in their entirety. The European Court of Justice would rule that further British 'opt-outs' could not take place without a substantial majority vote (80 per cent) of member states. Such a vote is very unlikely.

Does Mr Howard realise or appreciate any of this? He must be either ignorant of the details of the European Union or just plain devious. I do not offer an opinion as to which, but if he does have a true love of Britain (which he is incessantly proclaiming from the rooftops) I would expect him to make a seminal pronouncement: that when the British people reject the Constitutional Treaty in early 2006, as assuredly they will, he will campaign vigorously for Britain to leave the European Union at the earliest opportunity. In practical terms he may not be able to lead in this direction before the referendum but with weight of popular opinion likely to be in favour of leaving the EU his mind should be firmly set on this target. He should speak the truth, which is that the entire European political construct is the product of a massive fraud and confidence trick played out on the British people with a shamelessness which defies adequate description. Every accretion of power since 1975 by the European centre has been represented as something fundamentally different from what it is.

However, I do not think Howard exhibits the necessary mettle to make the pronouncement I have described, which would need to be made before the election campaign starts. Of course, it would generate a split; but that is precisely what is needed. Indeed, it is against the background of just such a determination to keep the avowed wishes of our people in check that Howard's recent policy proposals on immigration and asylum should be judged. They have been met with some acclaim by the popular press and have, therefore, opened up something of a debate which is all to the good. But the reality is that they are too little and far too late to have any usefulness, and have been delivered almost apologetically.

Howard constantly trumpets the contribution of immigrants in their various spheres of life. Well, certainly doctors, nurses, transport workers and others, many of whom have been settled here for decades, work hard and in the main are law-abiding people. Yet none of this has the least relevance to the central issue, which is whether Britain has a continuing vocation to be a multi-racial society. That is a decision which our own people are entitled to make in a referendum. The politicians cannot be trusted to make it on their behalf.

In making that decision the people should weigh up the social consequences of mass immigration in terms of the resources expended on social housing, welfare benefits,

educational budgets and the breakdown of law and order in urban communities. I have not the slightest doubt that the balance of advantage is set firmly against continuing immigration into the United Kingdom.

It is salutary to recount from the pages of the London Evening Standard of 16th February four reports (and there were only four altogether) relating to the commission of criminal offences. One concerned a 16-yearold white girl who was snatched off a street in South Norwood and gang-raped by three men "all said to be black." The girl managed to escape after a terrible ordeal lasting over an hour. A second concerned a young black man. Rafik Allevne, sentenced at the Old Bailey to life imprisonment for the murder of one Andrew Sams, also black, in a drugs feud. Sams had been shot in the head in West Norwood in April 2003. A third report concerned a Harley Street doctor, Fayez Mahfouz, who was struck off by the General Medical Council for having severely burned two women and injured 60 others, all of whom claimed to have been "badly disfigured." The fourth report involved a science teacher at a Newham comprehensive school, Dr Junaid Sheikh, who was jailed at Snaresbrook Crown Court for helping to run one of Britain's biggest counterfeit telephone accessory operations, described as a "family criminal enterprise."

DISPROPORTION

I should stress that my recitation of these reports is in no sense intended to suggest that immigrants in general have propensities for criminality (which would be untrue and unfair) but that in proportion to their numbers, immigrants and immigrant-descended communities commit crime disproportionately. This is empirically found to be incontrovertible by several scholarly sociological and criminological surveys. It is an entirely legitimate matter for open debate, yet these uncomfortable truths have as little appeal for Howard as they do for Blair. Indeed, the mere mention of them is calculated to raise the stereotypical cry of 'racism', such is the extent to which intellectual terrorism now overshadows rational argument.

The very minimum policy proposals that the Tories should be presenting to the electorate are: a complete moratorium on all further immigration for five years, after which a review should take place following a national referendum; the abolition of the Commission for Racial Equality and Equal Opportunities Commission, both of which are in favour of positive discrimination against Whites; the repeal of the Race Relations Act 1976 and Human Rights Act 1998; and the refinement of welfare benefits so that invalidity benefit would be retained but housing benefit, family credit, income supplement, access to the social fund and unemployment benefit would be reduced by 50 per cent. This would be applied uniformly. Inevitably it would lead to substantial voluntary re-migration, with many immigrants returning to their ethnic homelands.

So far as asylum is concerned, better in reality in the majority of cases described as

illegal immigration, the Geneva Convention of 1951 should be abrogated. The rationale for this measure was protection from persecution of those living under communist regimes. These circumstances no longer pertain. No appeals should be allowed against asylum decisions, and those people allowed in should be strictly limited to a minimal number. I would suggest 500 (Howard has indicated he would allow in 15,000). Such persons would need to obtain from the appropriate British Consulate a certificate verifying their bona fide status procured by affidavit and based upon clear-cut evidence of actual or threatened persecution.

One further issue which falls outside the theme of identity (to which I have addressed myself in this article) is the thoroughly unconservative drift towards social liberalism. Howard himself is at the forefront of this development. It is appalling that the shadow cabinet failed to accept the Tory backbench amendment to the Civil Partnership Bill (now an Act), which would have accorded similar rights to those cohabiting in non-sexual relationships, such as brothers and sisters or other family arrangements. Homosexual rights were attained under the Sexual Offences Act 1967, following the recommendations of the Wolfenden Committee. Acts between consenting adults in private would be legalised. That should have been the end of it. Yet by supporting a whole range of liberalising measures the Tories are implicitly attacking marriage; and it is the very uniqueness of marriage that makes it the proper institution from which social rights and obligations flow.

Similarly, the Tories' defensive posture on extending drinking hours and opening up more casinos reflects confused thinking. They suppose it enhances 'freedom', whereas it encourages social delinquency, irresponsibility and fecklessness, which are the negation of freedom. It may be added here, following the revelation that vice in London is now almost entirely under the control of the Albanian mafia, that a forthright political position would be to close down this entire racket within 48 hours, round up those operating it and put them behind bars before deportation. Do I think the Tories would ever advocate such measures? No I do not.

Given my antipathy to so much of what today's Conservative Party stands for, should I and others tear up our membership cards? Mine expires in September. For some time I have justified my own continued membership by the impractical argument that the Tories have left me rather than I them. The issue came into sharper focus for me last Sunday - in church of all places! The vicar announced the opening hymn: "Awake my soul and with the sun..." a beautiful, rousing hymn the second verse of which runs: "Redeem thy misspent time that's past and utter with a glorious voice... " Yes, our time has indeed been misspent, but whither now? One clear answer would be to join the British National Party, which stands for most of the political virtues; but that is a decision which requires further deliberation - and a change in BNP leadership.

One way to stop immigration:

CLOSE DOWN THE LIBERAL

MEDIAI TONY BLAIR is wrong in his claim that "it is not

racist to talk about immigration." And it is

hardly likely that the BNP, a legal political party which puts the halting of further immigration high up on its manifesto, will no longer be referred to as a 'racist' or 'xenophobic' party. Let us have a frank and open discussion on the subject, say the Tories. But why has there been no such discussion before? Because the liberal media have for decades kept a censorious grip on the whole issue.

Don't think that the immigration debate will inhibit the picture editors from stepping up their images of a [false] multi-cultural Britain. And Michael Howard will not get an easy ride when he raises the issue at the next election, either.

The word 'racism' has scarcely ever been used by the general public or even by institutional bodies, only by the media. Later, of course, successive governments and other institutions of officialdom used the word when it became in their interests to do so and thus to turn the awkward subject of immigration into a white-guilt issue. Hence the press and the broadcasters let governments off the hook, and became accomplices in one of the greatest acts of political wrongdoing ever committed in this country - unfettered immigration that never had the consent of the British people.

In fact, the media fostered a catastrophic untruth by implying that 'multi-culturalism' had a high moral purpose, and they unnecessarily polarised the political culture and the general public on the issue and deliberately confused humanitarian and internationalist factors with straightforward matters of public policy and what was in Britain's national interest. The reality was that hundreds of thousands of people with dubious legal identities were pouring into this country, often smuggled in, and most were making residential and financial claims on the country to which they were not entitled. Hence the moral 'high ground' on which the mass media claim to stand is actually the lowest ground imaginable.

A few of the tabloids on the 'right' have played up the immigration issue in recent years, but they have been extremely clever in the manner in which they have tended to negate everything they say, in the form of copy spread out on different pages. If anything, there has been a dramatic rise in the spread of pro-multi-cultural sentiment. For example, a picture in The Times showed Tony Blair proudly handing over the door keys to a black woman in her newly purchased, shared-ownership home in Northolt. They didn't have to print this picture, so why did they?

The Times now has many regular black and Asian

columnists, and their pictures, of course, are prominently displayed. When the anti-immigration Dutch MP, Pim Fortuyn, was brutally gunned down in the street, The Times cartoonist, Peter Brookes, implied that he had it coming to him!

Whatever readers of Spearhead think of Robert Kilroy-Silk, at least he is on our side when he says: "Our country is being stolen from us and we have never been asked for our permission." Yet Kilroy-Silk has been sneeringly turned into a figure of fun. Robert Richardson of the Times recently wrote a jokey article on him saying: "Tanning International wants to do a picture spread, and Psychology magazine is hoping to do an in-depth interview" (implying that RK-S is mentally ill).

The Telegraph is also drifting to the left as well as

ANTONY MILNE shows how the press and broadcasting services act as a hostile fifth column in Britain

dumbing down. At the height of the immigration debate in January a huge and unnecessary picture, taking up half a broadsheet page, of 'Lady Amos', the black peeress (who wasn't in any way in the news) was gratuitously thrust down our throats.

Berserk Guardian

Although there was a big rush of immigration stories after Michael Howard made his bid to make the subject an election issue, just as many articles appeared saying, dishonestly of course, that "we need more immigrants." In fact, after the issue burst wide open, The Guardian went berserk with its lies. Entire supplements were



The media lose no opportunity to propel black and Asian people into the forefront of the public consciousness. Here is a picture of Prime Minister Blair being kissed by a black woman with Rasta hairstyle when on the election campaign trail last month.

printed on the benefits of multi-culturalism. "Islam allows us to integrate into Britain's shared national culture," wrote Tariq Ramadan. This is not only a lie directed at the British people in order to justify Mr. Ramadan's existence here, but it is a lie even from his own point of view. As a Pakistani, he wouldn't even have any 'common culture' with Hindus, let alone anything in common with white Europeans. 'Multi-culturalism', in any event, implies that there is no national culture.

Similarly, *The Guardian*'s main leader article on 20th January 2005 used the heading 'Diversity, not segregation'. In fact, that is a mindless assertion because the word 'diversity' stems from 'difference', 'division', and 'unlikeness'.

Spectre of Enoch Powell

The left-liberal Tim Hames, writing sanctimoniously in *The Times*, had a headline: "Howard is tiptoeing into Enoch's footsteps. Remember what happened to him?" **We do – he was destroyed by the likes of Hames!**

This happened the day after Enoch Powell gave his Birmingham speech on 20th April 1968. This was the first time that it was clear that editors were prepared to go against public opinion; prior to that date – and largely because many journalists were of working-class origin themselves and had roots in the neighbourhoods of their local papers – they tended to be on the side of the local people. For example, after Powell's speech the Wolverhampton *Express & Star* received 5,000 letters supporting him and only 300 against. A subsequent postcard poll resulted in over 35,000 votes in Powell's favour, with hardly any against.

Smarting considerably from this rebuff from their own readers, newspapers from that time onwards made it a point of honour to abuse the white working class, whom they branded 'racists' and people who should learn to be more broad-minded and 'tolerant'. These journalists became, as a result, a dangerous element of subversion in this country as the immigrants continued to flood in and race problems mounted: having branded the working class as 'racist' they found it difficult to change their tune.

Gradually, the loathing for the working class spread to everything it stood for: support for the Royal Family, self-reliant communities, patriotism, deference, independence and parochialism. In fact, it was this last aspect that the liberal journalists hated most: an attachment to local customs and the neighbourhood, rather than a belief in what they (the journalists) thought were morally superior globalist attitudes.

Newspaper 'groupthink'

As time passed, the newspapers started to recruit left-wing journalists straight from the universities. Soon they adopted a collective 'groupthink' – a belief in a new kind of one-worldism that can be brought about by racial and cultural mixing. They were greatly aided by the growing centralisation of the media and the multinational corporations that financed them, most of which were based in cosmopolitan London, so that multi-cultural values (which they mistook as another version of cosmopolitanism) soon dominated the rest of the news agenda across the country.

Then the editors started to dumb down their pages. They created needless anxiety with endless health and

environmental scares, few of which turned out to be true. They then enlarged the picture content of their newspapers. This enabled them to show more ethnic minority faces, getting their stock photos of workplaces and social situations after doing deals with picture agencies such as Image Bank, Alamy and Getty, which during the 1980s changed their photo images from white to white and black – "to reflect the multi-cultural nature of modern Britain." So, for example, an article in the press about recruitment will show a young black woman boss interviewing a young white Englishman. Now virtually all articles about careers and education, whether featured in the 'right-wing' tabloids or not, are generously, even laviushly, illustrated with pictures of ethnic minorities.

Two other related aspects crept into the immigration debate. The media tried to rebut the common belief that immigrants were mere 'spongers'. This was related to the erroneous argument about the economic benefits of immigration, since in virtually every case the journalists deliberately left out the fact that immigrant workers bring in with them their extended families and relatives, many of whom then become a burden on the housing and welfare infrastructure. But this suspect 'immigration-is-beneficial' argument arises because, as we have seen, the press is increasingly controlled by the multi-nationals, who like cheap labour – and cheap labour at any cost to the well-being of this country.

Focus on big earners

So the journalists are increasingly obliged to say – in the teeth of all the evidence to the contrary and just to please their financiers – that "if you can make money, you are welcome here." Indeed, *The Sunday Times* just can't wait to tell us how successful immigrants are. In its 20th February 2005 issue there was a full-page feature with the headline 'Letting in tomorrow's tycoons', and this cited nine 'ethnics' who have made a lot of money in this country – conveniently ignoring the many thousands who have cost us money to keep.

These journalists completely miss the point, of course. We just don't care how much money the immigrants make; we don't want them here! Asians, the probusiness group often singled out, are not ethnically British, and they would certainly not be allowed to own property or businesses in many Third World countries in the free and easy manner in which they are allowed to in Britain.

These people are members of a *diaspora*; we do not know their legal status as citizens; we have no knowledge of their cultures or traditions; and we have never asked them to come and live next to us in our streets, or to become our employers. To tell us that they are now making pots of money over here (and circulating most of it among their own kind, with much of it sent back to their homelands) is to add insult to injury.

In conclusion, the left-wing media, for the past 40 years, have been waging a relentless, revolutionary cultural war on this country by attacking its heritage and its way of life. Whatever the Tories say about immigration now is far too late, since they have consistently failed to defend this nation against vicious assaults on its fundamental values and traditions, and have failed to grasp the nature and full extent of this culture war, and what side of it they should be on.

POLITICIANS are usually well advised to steer clear of religion, if only to avoid giving offence to many of their electors. And this has become an even more prickly subject since Muslims and other non-Christian people flooded into the constituencies in such great numbers. But religion is still the first refuge of a scoundrel, and many politicians adopt a religious posture in order to claim divine authority for their personal dogmas.

Note, for example, how many Blacks have adopted the clerical collar as a kind of talisman to further their political ambitions in Western society. We also have the likes of Blair and Bush claiming divine approval for their own dubious notions of philanthropy. And recent events like the Twin Towers atrocity have highlighted the ominous

However vexatious or divisive it may be, therefore, the practical politician must come to terms with religion as an ideology which may in some

The right and the righteous

instances threaten the security and the stability of society. It so happens that Western society has been predominantly Christian for some two thousand

FRANK KIMBAL JOHNSON warns against priestliness in politicians

fact that Muslims give their first allegiance to their religion, whatever that might entail for the rest of the population in the host country and the world at large.

In short, they don't need to declare a *jehad* or 'holy war' against the 'infidels', since they are *permanently* unprepared to accept their co-existence. This was self-evident to our ancestors since the time of the Crusades, but since 1945 left-wing politicians have beguiled Western societies with 'melting-pot' and 'multi-cultural' claptrap to justify the alien invasion of our homelands.

In effect, this is equivalent to admitting millions of German immigrants in the 1930s while making speeches about the looming threat of Nazism; or admitting hordes of Russians while supposedly engaged in the 'Cold War' with Communism.

Awakened by terrorism

But the public has been rudely awakened from its liberal trance by escalating Islamic terrorism, and the Government is now frantically applying sticking-plaster 'remedies' to the appalling consequences of its own perfidy. Who needs crusaders when the Home Secretary is ready to put a few dozen of the two million-odd Muslims in the country under house arrest? And even that trivial proposal has provoked outrage among the bien-pensants, demonstrating yet again their fatally warped perspective.

years; so opening its borders to millions of a fundamentally different persuasion can only be regarded as suicidal. Yet those who point this out find themselves reviled and harassed as 'racists' or 'haters'.

And, incredible as it must seem to any rational observer, the Church itself is among the loudest critics of those trying to preserve British culture and identity, the clear implication being that nationalism and Christianity are fundamentally irreconcilable.

More precisely, the clergy have chosen to identify nationalism with what they perceive as 'racism', a term usually taken to mean a very uncharitable attitude to races other than one's own. But the desire to protect and preserve our own homeland and heritage is a perfectly natural and ethical motive in anyone's language; and this cannot be taken to signify hatred or contempt for foreigners. Does allegiance to Christianity entail hatred towards Muslims, Hindus and Buddhists, for example? Of course not; but neither does it require surrender of a Christian country to non-Christian invaders. And remember, the partition of India and Pakistan; the Balkan divisions; the Israel/Palestinian impasse; the Ulster v Eire situation; and the genocidal African conflicts: all demonstrate the impossibility of a harmonious 'multi-cultural society'.

So we have the world as witness to our good sense in rejecting the liberal conceit that it can somehow accommodate all the oldest and deepest divisions in humanity within its own fatuous manifesto.

Misrepresentation

The clergy have chosen to misinterpret and misrepresent British nationalism, so it is only fair to subject their own ideology to closer scrutiny. Religion is a code of ethics developed over many centuries from the reputed sayings and actions of a venerated founder, such as Jesus, Buddha, Mohammed or Moses for example. The history of these founders and the interpretation of their reported teachings is clouded with bigotry, doctrinal hairsplitting and superstition to such an extent that no rational person can assume any of them to represent the whole truth about the meaning and purpose of existence. After all, they can't all be right, and may all be wrong!

But the fact of the matter is that the vast majority of people just 'grow up' within a particular religious tradition without ever seriously considering the alternatives on offer. What they are therefore divided by is more a tradition than a core belief; an 'us and them' attitude which has little to do with doctrinal differences and more to do with their racial kinship, ancestry and historic loyalties. Accordingly, those of us in the nationalist movement are simply guardians of the British heritage: our race, our homeland and our most admirable traditions; we are not religious zealots or campaigners for anything you could describe as an ideology.

'For race and nation' means precisely what it says; it does not signify being against other races and nations except when they pose a direct threat to our survival.

And as any competent biologist will attest, the 'territorial imperative' governs the behaviour and survival of every creature on this planet.

We all have a choice between being right and being righteous, and we like to think we can be both some of the time. But the sad fact of the matter is that all too many people use 'righteousness' in the religious sense as an excuse for very wrong-headed and often downright evil behaviour. We need only recall the excesses of the Spanish Inquisition, the medieval witch-hunts, and of course Islamic terrorism.

As British nationalists we can only echo the sentiment of Martin Luther in saying: "Here we stand; we can do no other."

THE BATTLE OF TRAFALGAR - 200 YEARS ON

"Hoist the signal, Hardy."

"Aye, aye Sir."

"Hold on, that's not what I ordered!
'England expects every man to do his duty, regardless of race, gender, sexual orientation, religious persuasion or disability.' What nonsense is this?"
"Admiralty policy, I'm afraid, Sir. We're an equal opportunities employer now. We had the devil of a job getting the word 'England' past the censors, lest it be considered racist."

"Egad, Hardy! Hand me my pipe and tobacco."

"Sorry Sir. All naval vessels have been designated smoke-free working environments."

"In that case issue the rum ration to steel the men before battle."

"The rum ration has been abolished Admiral. It's part of the Government's policy on binge- drinking."

"Good heavens, Hardy. Well, I suppose we'd better get on with it. Full speed ahead!"

"I think you'll find that there's a four-knot speed limit in this stretch of water."
"Damn it man! We are on the eve of the greatest sea battle in history. We must close with the enemy with all dispatch. Get a report from the crow's nest."
"That's not possible Sir."

"What?"

"Health and Safety has closed it, Sir. No harness, and the rope ladder doesn't meet regulations. No one is allowed up until a proper scaffolding is erected." "Then fetch the ship's carpenter without delay."

"He's busy Sir, knocking up a wheelchair access ramp to the fo'c'sle."

"Wheelchair access ramp? I've never heard anything so absurd."

"Health and Safety again, Sir. We have to provide a barrier-free environment for the disabled."

"Disabled? I've only one arm and one eye, and I didn't rise to the rank of Admiral by playing the disability card!" "Actually, Sir, you did. The Royal Navy was under-represented in the areas of the visually impaired and limb-deficient." "Good God! Give me full sail. The salt

spray beckons.

"A couple of problems there too, Sir. Health and Safety won't let the crew up the rigging without safety helmets, and they don't want anyone breathing in too much salt -- haven't you seen the adverts?"

"I've never heard such infamy. Run out the guns and order the crew to stand by to engage the enemy."

"Er, the men are a bit worried about firing at anyone, Sir."

"What? This is mutiny!"

"It's not that, Sir. It's just that they're afraid of being charged with murder if they actually kill anyone. There are a couple of legal aid lawyers on board watching everyone like hawks."

"Then how are we to sink the Frogs and the Dagos?"

"Actually, Sir, we're not."

"We're not?"

"No Sir. The French and Spanish are our European partners now and, according to the Common Fisheries Policy, we shouldn't even be in this stretch of water. We could get hit with a claim for compensation."

"Surely you're against the Frogs and Dagos as much as I am, Hardy?"
"I wouldn't let the ship's Diversity Coordinator hear you saying that, Sir. You could be up on a disciplinary charge."
"But surely any country who speaks ill of King George is an enemy."

"Er, not any more, actually. We must be fully inclusive in this multi-cultural age. Now put on your Kevlar vest, Sir. It's the rules."

"Don't tell me! Health and Safety. Whatever happened to rum, sodomy and the lash?"

"As I explained, Sir, rum is off the menu and there's a total ban on corporal punishment."

"What about sodomy?"

"Now that I believe is to be encouraged, Sir."

"In that case, kiss me, Hardy!" "Er, yes Sir."

This piece was sent to us by reader RH of Yorkshire. Its origin is unknown

SORRY FOR ERROR

Once again, we must apologise to readers for a bad printing error. This occurred on page 15 of last month's issue in Adrian Flick's article written in tribute to the late Richard Molesworth. The last part of the text was lost in the final printing. The final three paragraphs should have read:-

"Everywhere in our national life we

see this weak desire to please rather than to do what is right.

"And now this is creeping into the BNP: the disease of capitulation to the spirit of the times.

"Richard Molesworth spent his life fighting against this trend, and our best tribute to him is to see that it doesn't carry on."

Government spooks on the loose!

The following appeared from the pen of Frederick Forsyth in the Daily Express of 21st January:-

"Lord Deramore asks whether there are any grounds to his gut feeling that the UK Independence Party now hates the Conservatives more than it loathes Labour and LibDem. The answer, my lord, is you're quite right but the motive is not hatred. Under our constitution it is in order for a government to designate a political movement's agenda as "contrary to British interest."

"Once so designated, it is lawful for intelligence agencies to monitor such organisations. Usually MI5 (internal spooks) are used

"About 10 years ago, even though growing scepticism of the direction of the EU was a majority view here, Euro-scepticism was so designated.

"Under Blair, 'monitoring' has become active destabilisation. The spooks' plan was simple but clever. Instead of launching a dummy pro-Brussels party, they penetrated the country's most anti-EU party, UKIP. That's why its orientation has been steadily arid increasingly to contest the seats of the Conservatives' most robustly Euro-sceptic MPs and prospective candidates.

"The aim? Split the Tory vote and let Labour or Lib-Dem slip in. This accounts for UKIP standing against some of the toughest Tory Eurosceptics, so long as their majority is slim enough to be vulnerable.

"Blair's declared aim (The Unfinished Revolution) is to destroy all parties opposed to him and create his Hundred Years of Blairism.

"That is why UKIP chief Roger Knapman (not a bear of enormous brain) is
contentedly unaware that two Government
moles are deep inside the fabric of his party
and have been for years, working to
Government instructions, which are to
destroy every possible chance of Tories
winning seats. So those voting UKIP
against a cracking Tory candidate are
happily doing Blair's and Brussels' business
for them.

"Please do not be shocked. It is exactly what governments, Labour and Tory, used to do to the extreme Left when they were run by the Comintern. All that is new is that those who love this country more than they appreciate rule by Brussels are now seen as Blair's enemies and thus Britain's enemies.

"OK, Lord Deramore? That is us and a few others!"

Our comment: This is a very interesting story, but is UKIP the only party that has been targeted for state infiltration on the grounds that its policies are "contrary to British [i.e. liberal establishment] interest"?

IT IS a wise maxim never to take the words of BNP chairman, Nick Griffin, at their face value. However tiresome the chore, it is always advisable to peel away the layers of deceptive, overheated verbiage in which Mr. Griffin's speeches and writings tend to be couched. It is important, too, not to allow oneself to be unthinkingly swept off one's feet by the glib, slick, cocksure, jaunty style of delivery – the typical patter of your average snake-oil salesman. Only too often, what you find at the core of Nick's characteristic rhetorical onion is some ulterior, self-serving meaning. The rest is spin.

Nick's article in the December 2004 issue of Identity magazine, 'Closing a Dangerous Gap', is no exception. In this, our esteemed chairman makes a pitch for something called 'ideological development', an ominous phrase to anyone who lived through the miserable divisions in the nationalist movement in the 1980s, and one much in vogue in the circles in which Nick then moved. In his recent Identity article he resuscitates this vintage concoction as the BNP's future elixir in face of the ills allegedly confronting us. But before we rush off to buy Doctor Griffin's magic tonic mixture we should perhaps first study the small print on the label and its clinical track record.

QUACK DIAGNOSIS

First, of course, our quack has to persuade us of our pathological condition, rather like Honest John playing the physician with Pinocchio in order to convince him he needs a holiday on Pleasure Island. Here Dr. Nick takes a leaf out of Tony Blair's book (perhaps he has been taking tuition from Messrs. A. Campbell and P. Mandelson). Tony tells us that Britain is threatened by hundreds of al Qaeda' operatives in our very midst who may blow us to Kingdom Come at any moment. He calculates that once Britons have been reduced by these warnings to quaking nervous wrecks they will be more amenable to surrendering their ancient liberties and, instead, accepting his tender guardianship under the rubric of anti-terror laws.

Likewise, Nick regales us with tales of horror to make our flesh creep. "The free speech era," he grimly admonishes, "is at an end... The people running the Labour Party, the BBC and the upper echelons of institutions such as the police, the banks and the Home Office, are no longer fluffy liberal airheads (were they ever? JM). The people in charge are the would-be Marxist revolutionaries of 1968, and such hyenas do not change their spots."

Hence, suggests Nick, any moment now it is going to be out with "freedom of speech,

JUST WHERE IS Mr. GRIFFIN COMING FROM NOW?

freedom of assembly and the right to work to change things, whether through the ballot box or by demonstrations." Warming to his theme, or perhaps more accurately feverish with delirium as he conjures evil spirits from the darkest recesses of his imagination with his ever-quickening rhetoric, our excitable diagnostician proclaims that "this anti-democratic mindset is already so entrenched [as to make] inevitable... increasingly vicious repression against those who focus and lead [the] opposition." Thus, ultimately the whole BNP leadership might suddenly be "thrown into Belmarsh nick and held effectively incommunicado."

Now I would be the last to deny the totalitarian impulses that undoubtedly stir within



GRIFFIN
Calling for 'ideological development'. The question is: whose ideology?

the breasts of Messrs. Blair & Co. But that is as maybe. Nobody can yet say for sure exactly how such impulses might one day take form. For the time being, all this is pure conjecture.

Much more to the immediate point is the question of why the leader of the British National Party should wish to undertake such a humanistic evocation of primeval fears (whether founded in reality or not) clearly intended to set at least his more credulous or hysterical followers shivering in their boots.

Usually when politicians have recourse to what has been called "the power of nightmares" (like Blair and his minions with their almost daily terror warnings) they are up to no good. Their main motive is to get us to buy 'services' we otherwise wouldn't go

The BNP chairman's utterances give new grounds for concern, says JOHN MORSE

for. It is a sales pitch. So what's Nick pushing on us, and why?

This is far from being Nick Griffin's first such excursion into the political Gothic. Only last summer, it will be recalled, he was urging that the BNP could only save itself from being banned if it changed its constitution to admit non-white members. The party organisers upon whom he tried to foist this tripe rightly put him on his bike and sent him away with a flea in his ear. On that occasion he made a show of climbing down, with as much dignity as he could muster. Since then the party has retained its rule of an all-white membership, and it has not been banned.

MUST BE THE CLEVER GUY

But by now we should all know our Nick better. Rather like Tony Blair, he always has to be seen to be 'cleverer' than those around him. Any rebuff over the crazy or wild-eyed obsessions that are for ever taking hold of him is liable to be taken by him as a grievous offence against his *amour propre* which must ultimately be avenged. To salve his wounded pride he later returns to the original barmy notion by a more surreptitious route.

It is in this context that we should perhaps view our chairman's probable motives in this present case. Not least, we should consider the possibility that the aim he seems to be suggesting in his article is something like the very opposite of what he is really about.

As mentioned earlier, there is nothing new about 'ideological development', a specific that Nick and others at the head of the rump National Front were pushing over 20 years ago. Then, as now, it was being marketed as a stiffener to ward off the enfeebling germs of Toryism and Tory-mindedness in nationalist ranks.

In his December 2004 article Nick warns us of the consequences of some future influx into our ranks of well-heeled former Tories. Such naïve political virgins, he suggests, might find that their new commitment makes them the target of vicious media smears and opposition attacks with which they had not reckoned before joining the BNP. Under such pressure, they might see salvation from some 'phoney' setting himself up as a leader-ship challenger on the promise of softening the party's principles on key issues so as to mollify its enemies.

Factional splits of this kind did in fact repeatedly afflict the National Front from its inception in the 1960s onwards. Following those of 1980, Nick and his fellow ideological developers came along to argue that it was the Front's lack of a firm or adequate ideological base that lay at the root of the problem. If only nationalists were properly inoculated with the right ideas in the correct dosages they would become immunised to the blandishments of Tory-minded Johnny-come-latelys.

Such was the argument then and such it is now. All that Nick has added, to hustle the patient into the frame of mind in which he will rush off *pronto* to the surgery for his jab, is the scary prognosis of heightened official repression.

WHY LOSS OF COMMITMENT?

Of course, to buy all this you would first have to accept that it is really "lack of ideological understanding" which is the key factor that might make party officials and activists, as Nick puts it in his article, "vulnerable to a breakdown in their commitment if the persecution extended to them [as well as the top leadership]." Many people may think that such breakdowns have at least as much, if not more, to do with weakness of character in one's own self. Moreover, doesn't Nick beg the question of whether it isn't the strongest characters who are attracted to the firmest ideological commitment, rather than this happening by the inculcation of ideology merely by way of training and education? Yet his theory seems to be that this ideological tuition somehow on its own magically generates staying power in adversity

Of course, we should not wish for one moment to deny that a good state of political education and knowledge is highly desirable. Indeed if the term 'ideological development' meant the constructive enlightenment of the individual member in this sense and nothing more, who could object? From the found-

ation of the British National Party under John Tyndall's leadership such education was always an accepted desideratum. Not least, we have always recognised the need to produce spokesmen and -women capable of presenting the party's policies in public knowledgeably, intelligently and articulately, and a membership clear in their minds as to what we are about. Only good can come of this. The process has only been limited by the resources available at any time to the party.

But unfortunately, as its track record shows, 'ideological development' in the hands of adepts and practitioners such as Nick has always meant something more than this – in fact something rather different.

DISHONEST TRICK

Rather typically, in his December article, Nick doesn't scruple to use a dishonest polemical trick repeatedly evident in his writings over the years: the setting up of a caricaturesque man of straw of his own invention which he then demolishes so as to con his readers into an impression that he has struck a serious blow in argument, when in reality he has done nothing of the kind. Thus he says of former BNP leader John Tyndall that he always opposed 'ideological development' because "he wanted the membership to be loyal to the leader personally rather than to a set of principles and policies." Hence, as fatuously continues Mr. Griffin (who for most of the time we're talking about was not only not in the BNP but was aggressively hostile to it), party members were all "in the habit of relying on one man to do their thinking [for them].

Here is a characteristically casual Griffin insult to a number of dedicated and intelligent men and women who not only made their own input into party thinking, but whom Mr. Tyndall would invariably and extensively consult before setting anything in doctrinal stone.

In spouting this tosh (much the same kind as we were routinely hearing from him and those of his kidney 20 years ago and more), Nick is clearing the ground for the comparison he goes on to imply between the allegedly 'un-ideological' Tyndall-led BNP of the past and Pim Fortuyn's anti-immigration party (as was) in Holland, as well as our own home-grown UKIP.

The Fortuyn grouping, Mr. Griffin says, foundered because the only link uniting its members was loyalty to the person of its leader, on whom it relied for "motivation, unity, policy and direction." Under this 'leader-as-ideology', as Nick terms it, the coalition fell to pieces as soon as Fortuyn was assassinated.

For its part, UKIP, he maintains, fell victim to the Kilroy-Silk split because it was

unanimous on one sole point of policy: opposition to the EU. It had no clear position on any other issue, and no vision at all for the future of Britain. This left a huge policy vacuum for any leadership challenger to exploit.

All the above is, on Nick's own showing, utterly irrelevant to the BNP. He states outright that "Pim Fortuyn was not, of course, anything like a genuine nationalist." It is equally obvious that no more is UKIP a genuine nationalist party.

By contrast, John Tyndall is a very genuine nationalist (which presumably even Master Griffin wouldn't gainsay), and the BNP has always been a genuine nationalist party. We have always had an iron core of ideology succinctly summarised in six points in section 1, sub-section 2, of the party's 1982 constitution, for the sake of which alone [especially sub-section 2, paragraphs (a) and (b), which between them define the party's purpose as the very survival of the British people] anyone ever joined, fought and suffered in the nationalist cause.

Loyalty was given to John Tyndall because he alone was seen as the man who, more than anyone else, could be trusted to pursue this ideological agenda with steadfast integrity (can we say the same of his successor?). It was always his view that a strong ideological foundation was vital. Since the Fortuyn group and UKIP were and are so obviously different political animals from the BNP, it is hard to see how the latter is ever likely to undergo experiences like theirs, whether over ideology or anything else.

KEEPING TO ESSENTIALS

For the record, John Tyndall always maintained that the party's ideology should be confined to the defining essentials of the nationalist creed. What he rejected was trying to dot every ideological 'i' and cross every ideological 't'.

The latter dire course was in fact the one chosen in 1980 by Nick and his pals. For this was one of the connotations that 'ideological development' took on in the rump Front under their leadership. Nationalists who were there at the time will painfully recall how so much energy was dissipated in heated debates over such *arcana* as reforming the British economy into urban workers' co-operatives (according to the precepts of the left-wing German Nazi of the 1920s, Otto Strasser), and rural peasant smallholdings (according to the romantic distributist ideas of early 20th century Catholic writer Hilaire Belloc).

Even more seriously, 'ideological development' came to mean modifying the received principles of nationalism. This was a slippery slope, in fact the precipice over which Nick and his partners in 'Ideological

Contd. overleaf

JUST WHERE IS Mr. GRIFFIN COMING FROM NOW?

(Contd. from prev. page)

Development Inc.' drove what was left of the Front. Above all, it invariably involved the step-by-step renunciation of the traditional, uncompromising nationalist line on race.

As such, far from firming up anyone's commitment to the cause, it was demoralising and divisive. All experience has shown that once we are started on this road there is no telling where it will end. For a start, whose ideology is it going to be anyway? Tom's, Dick's or Harry's? And once the babble gets going will it not just set Tom, Dick and Harry at each other's throats? That's exactly what happened in Mr. Griffin's National Front.

As a worst case, the ideological terminus might even end up being Joe's - Joe Pearce's, that is. Pearce was for a time in the early 1980s one of Nick's closest collaborators - a gutsy, if somewhat suggestible and erratic, NF activist who served jail time for his beliefs. Today he has ideologically developed himself to the point where he has renounced his whole former nationalist commitment as a waste of his young life. Having reinvented himself as a Catholic, he is now an impeccable liberal on socio-political issues, especially race, and is earning quite a nice living writing for some liberal-Catholic college in Florida. In the view of many who knew him, he would never have gone this way without the ideo- logical impulses imparted to him by his companions of those former years.

FLOUNDERING FISH

Meanwhile, the Front's splintering tendencies only became accentuated as all sorts of ideological chasms opened up in its ranks. Nick himself ended up as a floundering fish in a tiny desiccated pond, as the head of an NF groupuscule seeking some sort of rapprochement with various nonwhite organisations from a position of pathetic weakness. Many will recall the fawning articles about Louis Farrakhan, of the Nation of Islam, routinely appearing in the publications of the Griffin NF, a factional vestige so 'ideologically eccentric' (by Nick's own admission later in 1999) as to be beyond any sort of nationalist pale, let alone capable of connecting with the British public.

Meanwhile, united in its beliefs and confident in its leadership, the BNP went from strength to strength to become, from 1988 onwards, Britain's premier nationalist party – with Nick himself subsequently to become one of its more belated recruits!

One thing should be clear. Whatever else he may be, Nick Griffin is not a total fool. It follows that he knows perfectly well from all the above-quoted experience what the real effect of 'ideological development' is, and he must equally well know that the last thing likely to come from it is the strengthening of the British National Party in any shape or form.

Why do I say this? Why, because Nick himself has as good as acknowledged his former idiocies in an interview in the rightwing Tory *Right Now!* Magazine, published only last month. To the question as to what he most regrets about things done in his earlier political career, he replies:-

"My biggest regret is the mess that I and various colleagues made of the National Front in 1986. Had my colleagues and I not fallen out with each other about how many workers' co-operatives we could fit on a pinhead and how radical we were, I think the Front could have been winning seats about the time the BNP won its first council seat in East London in 1993. That probably cost us ten years... it is still a matter of regret that I fell out with friends over a series of misunderstandings and unnecessary fanaticisms."

Which seems to say it all! But are we not now back on the same path?

We know from Nick Griffin's whole record as BNP leader that the last thing he has been doing on the policy front is reinforcing the traditional principles of the party. Apart from his angling to admit ethnic minority members, this is the man who has allowed Jewish and half-Turkish candidates to be foisted on the party (local government elections, 2004); permitted the official party newspaper positively to celebrate the fact that in 2003 a candidate proud of his black son-in-law and half-caste grandchild was selected to fight a local ward in the North of England; and recruited an Asian to front the BNP's TV election broadcast in 2004.

Almost from the inception of his leadership in 1999, Nick has shown a nearobsession with portraying the BNP as 'nonracist'. On the subject of race, in one media interview after the other he has failed to offer any firm word in support of genuine nationalist principles. Speaking to the Laboursupporting Daily Mirror in May 2001, in tones more worthy of a cosmopolitan Guardianista than the chairman of the BNP, he ingratiatingly whined his approval of some non-white immigration as some sort of flavoursome "salt in the soup" of our otherwise flat and boring British society. In January 2002 he told the BBC that an all-white Britain was "no longer feasible" music, surely, to the ears of the operatives of that institution, who want nothing better than for Britons to swallow such defeatism.

Why Nick would think that all this would cut any ice with enemies as implacable as those he talks about in his December *Identity* article (anymore than with nationalist voters, for that matter) may seem a mystery.

Finally, in March 2004, Mr. Griffin snivelled to *The Spectator* that the course to be taken with non-European immigrants is to make them "as British as they can be." The BNP's policy of repatriation, one of the fundamentals of nationalism, seems somehow to have been forgotten completely along the way. Since Nick will not enunciate this even when speaking to a Tory-leaning journal of this kind, but instead falls completely in line with Tory attitudes, how could anyone trust him to do any better with Tories actually joining us? The moment there's any pressure, he himself exhibits the very weakness he purports to condemn in them!

WHAT'S THE REAL GAME?

So when Nick comes out with the elaborate rigmarole he proposes in his December article for voting motions on ideological themes at annual conferences, it may seem fair to ask what his real game is. He speaks vaguely of setting up working groups "to examine particular areas of policy" (who would appoint these?) and "formulate motions, though some also may be submitted by individuals" (which individuals?).

The debate though, along with the conference, will not be "open to all and sundry." Oh no! "Involvement and the right to vote would not be the prerogative of every featherless biped which cares to pay its twenty-five quid to join the BNP" (a charming turn of phrase to describe the many who trudge the streets and pay their dues to keep him in business!). They would be restricted to "the party's national leadership and decentralised head office staff; all BNP councillors and other elected representatives; all regional officials; all branch, group and circle organisers and fund-holders; all individuals who have been imprisoned on account of their BNP involvement; and all members with more than ten years of unbroken membership."

Quite apart from whether such rules of selection would necessarily recruit the best-qualified voters the party membership could produce, it may seem that they are all heavily weighted in favour of those enjoying their positions by the grace of Chairman Nick!

We need to ask frankly: is this whole complex legerdemain just a stratagem for yet further liberalising the BNP by sly degrees behind a deceptive, manipulated and rigged 'democratic' façade? Since Mr. Griffin couldn't get his party members to agree with him in a face-to-face confrontation, such as over admitting non-white members, is he now going to euchre the party out of its heritage this way instead?

We need to watch this space like hawks. One thing is for sure. Doctor Griffin's formula certainly ain't what it appears!

The Tsunami: a non-PC view

THE tidal wave of media coverage of the recent catastrophic Tsunami in the Bay of Bengal and beyond ceased as abruptly as it started. There are some aspects that need to be looked at again.

Some reports seemed exaggerated. Waves of between 10 and 30 metres in height washed away huts on wooden stilts but not sturdy buildings, from where videos were able to be filmed.

Obviously, boats, beach homes and people were washed away, especially on islands; but the wave would not have reached more than a few hundred metres into the interior of the countries affected. Therefore, while many tourist businesses would have been destroyed, the countries' infrastructures, such as they were, would not have been seriously disrupted.

India, Thailand and Indonesia are not poor countries; yet up to now no co-operative initiative to set up an early warning system has been made in that vast earthquake-prone region.

Furthermore, are they not capable of financing their own disaster relief? The seven billions donated plus the 'debtrelief' seem to the objective outsider to be a massive transfer of funds from the First to the Third World under cover of humanitarian aid.

It is noteworthy that climatic disasters in the USA – five devastating cyclones (hurricanes/typhoons) hit the East Coast in 2004 alone – have not evoked the pity and handouts accorded to the countries affected by the present Tsunami disaster.

In the US 20 states suffered massive flooding, with dozens of people killed and 300 tornadoes resulting from the hurricanes. Electricity was knocked out in seven states, leaving many areas without power for weeks at a time. The Delaware River in Pennsylvania and New Jersey flooded its banks, causing tens of thousands to flee their homes. Large areas of Georgia, South and North Carolina were left with massive flooding and mud slides, isolating communities and disrupting the lives of hundreds of thousands.

In September, when the multiple hurricanes were developing in the Caribbean, the Japanese meteorological agency reported that *nineteen* typhoons had whirled out of their traditional incub-

ating area in the Pacific Ocean and hit the Japanese islands.

Floods in large parts of Northern Europe in 2004 got little media coverage in comparison with the Boxing Day Tsunami.

RESOURCEFULNESS

The USA, Japan and other proud and resourceful countries in northern Europe, lifted themselves out of the

Climatic disasters in the USA have not evoked the pity and handouts accorded to the countries affected

ruins, financed their own repairs without rattling any beggar's bowl, and got on with life.

A final commentary is that the populations around the Bay of Bengal affected by the Tsunami number in the billions. But the sun-seeking holiday-makers drowned – for example 1500 Swedes, if the numbers are correct – would be a real demographic loss for low-population European countries.

A reader from Pretoria, visiting England recently, shares her impressions and British press comments:-

"It was interesting to hear the comments of many English people about the Tsunami disaster. As they opened their hearts and wallets to help, they couldn't help noticing that there had not been any sympathy offered after the Boscastle disaster or the recent floods in the North of

England, and one wonders how much support would have been forthcoming if, instead, the Tsunami had hit the UK, Western Europe or Australia.

"Comments in newspapers included [the observation that] the countries complained that they had no early-warning system and that the West should have provided them. (My comment is that if they had fewer children and thus smaller populations, and got down to work instead of waiting for us to do everything, they would have been able to afford it themselves).

"US authorities had apparently warned Indonesia and Burma of the earthquake and its possible consequences, but no action was taken.

"Some countries complained that help arrived too late. With inadequate road, rail and airport systems in the unaffected areas, how was anyone supposed to be able to reach those affected? Indonesia and Burma can afford endless arms for putting down opponents of their regimes but do not have money for such vital infrastructure.

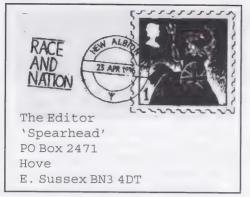
"Bureaucracy in Indonesia considerably delayed the arrival of help, with medical personnel even being refused permits to enter the country. Burma would not allow anyone in, even sending out gunboats to prevent anyone landing along the coast.

"Too much aid is not a good thing, and should be directed towards encouraging people to help themselves, rather than having everything done for them. "Even though affected countries have huge Muslim populations, only minimal token aid was offered by oil-rich Middle Eastern states."

This article first appeared as an editorial in Impact magazine (Editor Mrs. Wendy Brown), available from Box 2055, Noorsekloof, Jeffreys Bay 6331, South Africa.

Big floods
occurred in
several places in
the United States
only last year,
like this one in
Michigan.
However, we
heard none of
the worldwide
wailing and
clamour for
foreign aid that
followed the
Tsunami.





SIR: The proposal by race relations chief Trevor Phillips to educate black boys in separate classes with black teachers has caused a storm. If I expressed the same view in public – that black youths should be segregated in this way – no doubt Mr. Phillips would accuse me of being 'racist'!

Why is it the colour of one's skin that dictates whether one is a 'racist' or not? This seems unfair and illogical.

MARK TWIDDY

London E.7

SIR: Yet again questions are being asked as to why black pupils lag far behind their white classmates in GCSE exam results.

The latest piece of lunacy to address this problem is a proposal from Trevor Phillips, chair of the Commission for Racial Equality, that black boys be taught in classes separate from their white peers. This is following a recent trip by representatives of the CRE to the USA (at taxpayers' expense) to study teaching methods there, where similar segregation has been adopted in some schools.

All this expense could have been avoided. Everyone with half a brain knows the reason why black youngsters are performing at so much of a lower level, yet all are afraid to say so. A glance at Africa, today and yesterday, provides all the clues we need.

D. SUMMERS
Bolton, Lancs.

SIR: I know you said that the debate about religion was now closed after Mr. Walter Carr's letter in the March issue, but it does have to be stated that Saint George was born in Lydda about 270 AD and was martyred in 330 AD. George of Cappadocia was murdered by a mob in 362 AD. S. SINCLAIR London S.E.24

SIR: In your February issue you published an article titled 'Why Christianity and Nationalism should be Allies'; and in your current issue you publish one letter of opposition to this article. In an editorial note at the bottom of this letter you say: "This debate is now closed."

With respect, an article and a letter are not a debate. The tone of the letter of opposition is, as you surely realise, highly insulting to Christianity; and the letter's contents are 98 per cent falsehood. It would take a book to refute all of the latter, but I may just comment on the writer's reference to St. George.

The George of Cappadocia was a different person from Saint George. He of Cappadocia was a criminal and was later killed by the populace of Alexandria for his crimes. Saint George was from Lydda, in Palestine. He was a true Catholic Christian and an officer in the Imperial Army. The Greeks call him 'The Great Martyr'. MAUREEN DAY (Miss) London S.W.19

(EDITOR'S NOTE:- We can appreciate the point of these two writers, Mr. Sinclair and Miss Day, that an error about St. George should not go unanswered. Hence the printing of these two corrective letters. The reason we announced the closing of the debate after Mr. Carr's letter was that long experience has shown us that once we get into religious disputes there just is no end to the indignant letters that pass back and forth. As this is a secular journal, we just cannot allow a lot of space to be taken with such disputes - which inevitably leave one side or the other, sometimes both sides. dissatisfied. Now that the matter of the origins of St. George has been settled, this exchange is now ended).

SIR: America is to pay \$25 million to Hungarian Jews in recompense for valuables allegedly stolen from a train by American troops in 1945.

It appears that the Jews are perpetually demanding something from someone in the way of compensation. Remember the gold in the Swiss banks?

Working by the same rule, why don't the Americans, and the British and all the other nations fighting with the Allies in World War II for that matter, demand recompense from the Jews for all the lives lost, and all the money spent, on saving them from the fate they are forever asking us to feel sorry for them over: the 'Holocaust', etc., etc., etc.? N.G. CHARNLEY Blackpool, Lancs.

SIR: Responding to Colin Vernon's excellent contribution (February issue) on the English language, the deliberate distortions to which he refers apply equally to the languages of several other countries, notably Germany and France. Germany actually has (or had) a Ministry of Language. Alas, these days state school children are dumbed down for a

TO LETTER WRITERS

We must inform some of the writers of letters to this page that we cannot publish their contributions because they are received in handwriting that is virtually indecipherable. We run this magazine on a tight schedule, and trying to read a letter in such handwriting is hugely time-consuming and sometims quite impossible.

Would all readers wishing to see their letters published please send them to us in typewritten form. However, if this is impossible would they please submit them in handwriting that is simple and quick to read.

purpose – to prepare them to be part of the obedient globalised masses of the future *a la* Karl Marx.

I have a book, *The Uneducated English*, by Winifred Whiteley, published as long ago as 1969! Despite the ease of foreign travel nowadays, not many people are prepared to learn any foreign language. After all, almost everyone speaks some kind of English!

Against the grain (for me at least) goes the sloppy way of speaking and disregard for grammar – 'who' when it should be 'whom', and so on.

As bedside reading I have the Edda/Iceland, in Karl Simrock's translation. I too have to make use of the back pages for easier reading of the thousand-year-old Nordic tales.

And of course there is Shakespeare. Why was this language changed? If I were to say: "Get thee hence, I know not thy breeding" to any uninvited stranger in our midst, would I be arrested as a 'racist'? Or would they even know what I meant?
GISELA HORTON (Mrs.)
Poole, Dorset

SIR: When the BNP general members' bulletin for March arrived I fully expected it to be completely dominated by items gearing the party up to fight the general election – a mere two months away.

Yet what did I find? The leading item on the front page was an appeal to everyone to get themselves to Halifax, Yorkshire, to demonstrate in support of Nick Griffin as he arrived to answer bail on April 6th in connection with possible 'race hatred' charges arising out of last year's Secret Agent TV documentary.

The main item on the first two pages inside was a piece urging everyone living in areas where no BNP candidates were standing to go to the polls nevertheless and put 'BNP' on the ballot paper with an 'x' beside it. Is this adult politics? Interestingly, there are many areas where the party could be fighting seats and the branches were keen to do so but the decision has been made at the top not to fight.

On the two centre pages there was an appeal for money for the election which occupied about two thirds of the total space, and that was about all there was in the bulletin about this hugely important event in the BNP calendar – about one and one third pages out of eight!

Is the BNP really serious about the general election of not?

I am withholding my name from this letter because I know how people in the party with dissident or critical views tend to end up expelled!

NAME & ADDRESS WITHHELD

SIR: How hypocritical of the Government to make such an issue of the fate of a few foxes when the most barbarous and hideous things are done to live animals in some of our laboratories in the name of science!

M.J. BLAND

Sheffield

Where we are ...

In his recently published The Abolition of Liberty. columnist Peter Hitchens provides us with a skilfully presented and penetrating survey of the decline of law and order over the past forty years or so. We learn how 'crime prevention', exemplified by the bobby on the beat, has been stealthily replaced by an often infuriatingly incompetent motorised force alleged to be engaged in 'crime detection'. In a devastating analysis we read how trial by jury has been reduced to a mockery of the original concept, thus providing 'Big Brother' with a persuasive argument for abandoning that ancient system. Finally we come to the wholesale emasculation of effective policing which followed the ludicrous Macpherson Report, although we search in vain for some condemnation of the madness whereby positive discrimination has replaced the universally accepted criteria of aptitude and attitude in the process of selection and promotion. All good stuff of course, but predictable and scarcely surprising when we consider the quality of those who have 'guided' our destiny over the past few decades. Moreover, those who read this book expecting it to conclude with a recipe for national salvation will be disappointed. For all his protestations, Mr. Hitchens remains a liberal establishment journalist.

... and who does what

In these fast moving times, it is vital to keep abreast of the state of play in Britain. Fortunately, Scotland Yard has provided us with up-to-date info on what foreign gangsters, so kindly afforded shelter in these islands, are currently up to:-

Albanians: Sex trade and people-smuggling. Kosovans: Vying with Albanians for control of the sex trade.

Algerians: Drug-smuggling, benefit fraud.

Chinese: Illegal immigration, synthetic drugs and credit card fraud.

Jamaicans: Drug-trafficking. Moldovans: Peoplesmuggling, particularly young

Dunning.

Russians: Drug and cigarettesmuggling. THE WAY WE LIVE NOW

Some observations on contemporary society by JUNIUS

Turks: Heroin and peoplesmuggling.

Kurds: Fighting with the Turks for a slice of the action. Nigerians: Cocaine, cannabis, smuggling women, and benefit fraud.

Getting the priorities right

Observant readers will have noted that drugs are involved in six out of the ten cases in the above item. (We have not included the Chinese who, it seems, are in the relatively innocuous business of manufacturing copycat medicines and fags somewhat more lethal than the originals). So where does all this leave our once-proud nation? According to a recent report from the International Narcotics Control Board we are the "heroin capital of Europe, top of the league in the consumption of amphetamines, the third largest market for ecstasy, and the gateway through which about 200 tons of cocaine enter Europe every year." Ecstasy tablets at £2 each are cheaper than a pint of beer, and a line of cocaine may cost you less than a cup of coffee in the high street.

Unfortunately, our professional warriors, the ones we pay to defend us, are, through no fault of their own, stationed all over the globe, doing absolutely nothing useful for Britain or, for that matter, for anyone else. And yet, a government seriously concerned with the state of the nation could bring our troops home, declare a state of martial law in every area where these alien thugs rule the roost, crush them and export them all inside a fortnight! Britain awake!

Democracy – it's so good for your health

Staying with the drugs scene, we noted in May last year that Britain was leading

the battle against Afghan heroin production, and that £70 millions of your money had been set aside for bribing the poppy farmers to grow something else. Predictably, it has not worked. In 2004 production of opium at 4,200 tons was 17 per cent up on 2003 and only 400 tons short of the record amount produced in 1999 before the dreaded Taliban regime imposed a total ban. The total area under drug cultivation is up from 80.000 hectares in 2003 to 130,000 hectares today, and every district in the country is involved, 90 per cent of the heroin used in Britain comes from Afghanistan, which is said to be on the verge of becoming a narcotic state. Thanks Tony! Thanks George!

The legacy of Clarke, Blunkett and others...

Occasionally it is a good idea to let someone else do the talking, such as Janet Daley writing in the Sunday

"Is there ever to be a cure for our disastrously failing education system? It seems to be almost beyond hope. We are in the midst of a national tragedy and scarcely anyone seems to have the will to remedy it. Those preposterously glorious annual examination figures that show every generation of schoolchildren to be more brilliant than the last flew so brazenly in the face of the law of averages that they were an insult to the public intelligence. So there it is. That is the myth exploded. As most parents, university admissions tutors and employers have been saying in the face of all those ridiculous 'improvements' that Labour has proclaimed, there is no rise in standards at all. A political movement that speaks constantly of 'empowering' people has been responsible for the greatest disempowerment of all - the failure to equip the young with the skills necessary for economic survival and social selfrespect."

Nice to see that it is not only the extreme-right-wing 'Junius' who cares about these things. But, maybe we see the Government's objective here, which is obviously to ensure that literary achievement is limited to putting an X in the right place whenever required!

... and educating Trevor

Having had all the statistics laid before him and, doubtless the import of these explained to him by some minion, the chairman of the Commission for Racial Equality, presumably after tossing a coin, is opting for classroom segregation, which he believes may help black pupils. But will the spin-off from this be good news for the parents of white children?

Eurowatch – immigration

Did you know that fleeing Somalis 'bullied' by the Dutch end up in Leicester and Birmingham? That tougher Danish policies reduced asylum-seekers from 14,347 in 1993 to 3,500 in 2003? That Spain has possibly a million 'illegals' and that, under an amnesty, they can apply for EU passports and then move all over Europe? That Helmut Schmidt, the highly regarded former German chancellor, has admitted that the decision to invite guest workers to Germany in the 1960s was a mistake? That in Holland ethnic minorities account for 46 per cent of all social security recipients, with a rate six times higher than the native Dutch? That in France, when the courts overturned a decision to expel an Algerian cleric who had defended the stoning of women, the law was amended and he was on the next aircraft out? And that the EU labour and social affairs commissioner, Vladimir Spidla, believes that Europe needs to accept large numbers of economic migrants?

Bad show Ken!

It is now several weeks since the Mayor of London came out with his ill-advised comments regarding the behaviour of an equally nasty piece of work employed by the Evening Standard. And still he has offered no word of apology either to any camp guards, living or dead!

SPEARHEAD BOOKS

PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT

Abolition of Britain, The (Peter Hitchens) £9.95. The cultural revolution from Lady Chatterley to Tony Blair.

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Animal Welfare in Germany (Kerry Bolton) £3.95. An impartial look at some pioneer legislation which was quickly repealed by the Allies after World War II.

Anti-Semitism and the Babylonian Connection (Des Griffin) £9.75. An investigation into this fascinating and yet vexing question.

Bell Curve, The (Richard J. Herrnstein and Charles Murray) £19.95. Breaks new ground and old taboos! Describes the deliberate creation of a new underclass, with racial connotations.

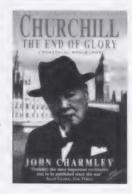
Blowing the Whistle (Paul van Buitenen) £12.99. One man's fight against fraud within the European Commission.

British Press, The ('Boreas') £2.75. Although this was published in 1939, readers will spot an uncanny similarity with the situation in Britain today.

By Way of Deception (Victor Ostrovsky) £11.00. A former Mossad (Israeli intelligence Service) agent defects and tells his amazing story.

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Deadlier than the H-Bomb (Wing Cdr. Leonard Young) £8.50. An exposure of sovietisation by stealth.

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Deceived, Damned and Defiant (David Lane) £14.25. Sentenced to 190 years incarceration, Mr. Lane is one of the best known white political prisoners in the world today. His revolutionary writings are presented with many beautiful illustrations. Undaunted by his plight, unshakeable in his convictions, David Lane has emerged as an insurgent icon of a turbulent age.

Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire (Edward Gibbon) £7.00. The classic history treatise edited and abridged by Dero A. Saunders.

The prices given here include postal charges for dispatch within the British Isles. For postage overseas please enquire before ordering.

Payments should be made to 'Spearhead Books' and sent to the above address.

Spearhead Books handles works by numerous and varied independent authors. It should not need stating that the publisher of Spearhead may not necessarily endorse all the contents of these works.

Demjanjuk Affair, The (Yoram Sheftel) £23.00. The rise and fall of a show trial.

Diamond in the Dust (by political colleagues) £10.00. 100pp plus 4pp colour. An appreciation of lan Stuart, his life and work.

Dilemma of Inter-racial Relations, The (Prof. R. Gayre of Gayre) £4.50. An analysis of the problems of forcing different races together and the results of the efforts of compulsion.

En Route to Global Occupation (Gary H. Kah) £12.75. A high-ranking government liaison officer exposes the secret agenda for world unification.

Enemies of the Queen (Dr. Kitty Little Ph.D.) £3.90. Written from the author's personal knowledge and experiences of the enemy within.

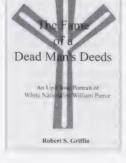
English Warrior, The (Stephen Pollington) £16.75. An attempt to get beneath the surface of Anglo-Saxon warriorhood and to investigate the rites, social attitudes, mentality and mythology of the warfare of its times.

Evita: The New Feminism (Evita Peron) £3.90. A selection of essays by this most revered personality.

Fable of the Ducks and the Hens, The (George Lincoln Rockwell) £5.00. A colourful cartoon-style A4-size book telling the story of 'asylum-seekers' in a modern parable form. An excellent gift for children.

Facing the Abyss (A.K. Chesterton) £3.50. The first leader of the National Front reveals secret forces behind world events.

Fame of a Dead
Man's Deeds, The
(Prof. Robert S.
Griffin, Ph.D.) £20.00.
The biography of the
late Dr. William Pierce,
who was the founder of
the National Alliance in
the USA. In this work
the reader embarks
upon a journey
throughout the
American patriotic
movement with details
of all the main person-



alities, ideas and issues involved.

Father Coughlin and the National Union for Social Justice (Father Coughlin) £3.30. Couglin was known as the Radio Priest and during the 1930s had a massive radio audience. He had supported Roosevelt's New Deal but became its stemest critic when it was taken over by big business and ruined by corruption. This booklet gives a good background to Father Coughlin's work before he was prevented from continuing by his Bishop.

Ferenc Szalasi and the Arrow Cross (Pablo de Vago) £3.30. In faraway Hungary, a country about which most people know little, an epic struggle took place and a system called co-nationalism developed.

Flash Point (Ingrid Weckert) £15.95. The aftermath of 'Kristallnacht'; 1938, had far-reaching consequences which in turn contributed to the Second World War. This book looks at instigators, victims and beneficiaries. Some of the conclusions shatter the orthodox view of contemporary history.

Founding of The Magna Carta. £4.50. A translation of the original from Latin.

Generalship of Alexander the Great, The (Maj. Gen. J.F.C. Fuller) £7.25. A biography and study of one of the world's greatest war leaders.

Giant With Feet of Clay (Jurgen Graf) £10.00. A thorough critique of Raul Hilberg's *The Destruction of European Jewry*.

Gift of Ramu, The (Alexander Baron) £3.00. This fascinating novel tells of a wonderful gift to mankind and its consequences for the 'money power'.

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Great Money Reformers (L. Wise) £9.00. Three booklets which detail the lives and ideas of Silvio Gesell, Arthur Kitson and Frederick Soddy regarding the 'money question'. A valuable background for all those interested in Social Credit ideas.

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Guernsey Experiment, The (Olive and Jan Grubiak) £3.75. How the Government of Guernsey raised funds by issuing its own currency without interest.

Guild Alternative, The (Arthur Penty) £3.75. An answer to the chaos of the modern world based on traditional Christian social teaching.

History of World Revolution, The (The Duke of Northumberland) £4.50. The author was also the publisher of *The Patriot* weekly newspaper, and he employed as his chief writer Nesta Webster, the famous conspiracy theorist.

Hitler: Bungling Amateur or Military Genius (A.V. Schaerffenberg) £6.50. The writer challenges conventional wisdom concerning Hitler, and argues that he showed greater military ability than many of the German General Staff.

Hobbit, The (J.R.R. Tolkien) £6.95. The moral imperatives of the Northern European shine

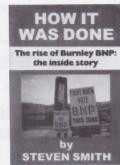
through in this great saga.

Holocaust Affirmers (Alexander Baron) £10.75. A hard look at the people pushing the 'Holocaust' stories.

Holocaust, The: 120 Questions Answered (Charles Weber) £2.00. Fact and fable examined and questioned.

Houston Stewart Chamberlain (Author unknown) £3.30. Chamberlain's life, his ideas and his legacy. Chamberlain's famous book Foundations of the 19th Century was important in showing the relationship between race and civilisation.

How it was Done (Steven Smith) £5.00. The inspiring story of the rise of Burnley BNP from almost nothing to national renown. The secret of the branch's dramatic electoral success and many other tips on how to build a local organisation, from the man who pioneered this outstanding achievement. 75pp.



IQ and Racial Differences (Henry E. Garrett) £3.50. A lucid brief for an educational system designed to accommodate racial variations in intelligence rather than relying upon the dangerous fiction that all races are created equal.

Iron Curtain Over America (John Beaty) £7.50. The long story about the epic struggle between Asia and Europe, from the Teutonic Knights to the Communist nuclear spies.

Iron Heel, The (Jack London) £5.50. Deals with the financial oligarchy.

Is This Justice? (The Duke of Bedford) £5.60. An account of the workings of Defence Regulation 18B during World War II, with many examples of gross injustice brought about by imprisoning men and women without charge or trial.

Jewish Supremacism (David Duke) £18.00 A detailed study of how the future of the world lies in the hands of this enigmatic people.

King Arthur's Place in Pre-History (W.A. Cummins) £10.95. A legend traced back to the Bronze Age, possibly linked to Stonehenge and the early Wessex culture.

Land and the People (Jorian Jenks) £3.30. One of the founders of the Soil Association sets out his ideas for the revitalisation of Britain's agriculture. A pre-war Blackshirt publication.

Land Rights and Birth Rights (Peter B. English) £12.00. Exposes a great Australian hoax. An examination of the rights to ownership of former Aboriginal land.

Legacy of John Lennon, The (David A. Noebel) £10.00. About the charming or harming of a generation

Leo Frank Case and the Murder of Mary Phagan, The (Dr. E.R. Fields) £3.30. At last, an impartial examination of this horrible affair and the wickedness of those who, even today, attempt to hide the facts.

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Liars Ought to Have Good Memories (Alexander Baron) £4.95. An accurate exposure of the

workings of the Communist Jewish lie factory otherwise known as Searchlight magazine.

Macpherson Report, The (Dr. Frank Ellis) £4.50. About the hysteria from the legal establishment over the breakdown of the multi-racial society.

Man and Technics (Oswald Spengler) £4.50. A contribution of ideas and philosophy by a great thinker.

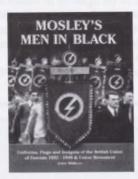
March to Sanity (Maj. Gen. J.F.C. Fuller) £4.20. Commonsense ideas that could have saved Britain from the horrors of war.

Might is Right (Ragnar Redbeard) £9.95. Many people believe that the original author may have been Jack London, but this new work with additional commentary and notes emphasise the main thesis, that struggle and courage will be required to save our folk from destruction.

Moses Hess: Prophet of Communism and Zionism (Shlomo Avineri) £6.50. Why do Communism and Zionism both have the same destructive ends? This book investigates.

Mosley's Men in Black (John Millican) £30.00.

This hard cover book, which contains many illustrations in full colour, gives details of the flags, insignia, uniforms and badges of the pre-war BUF. In addition, there are many fine portraits of the leading personalities.



Motorways for Britain (Alexander Raven Thompson) £1.50. Constructive solutions for traffic chaos. First published in 1937.

My Banned Holocaust Interview (Carlo Mattogno) £6.50. A leading Italian history revisionist had his studies and conclusions banned. This is his work published privately.

Nanny Knows Best (A. Rosenbaum) £4.95. A not too far-fetched tale of political correctness that has become insane.

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Onward Christian Soldiers (Donald Day) £4.00. About propaganda and censorship in Eastern Europe. A man's struggle for truth, 1920-1942.

Open Sesame (B.E. Biggs) £1.50. Poetry from a stalwart patriot.

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Overcrowded Britain (Ashley Mote) £8.95. An examination of the evil polices that have led to real Britons becoming a disadvantaged group within their own country and threatened with racial extinction.

Party System, The (Hilaire Belloc and Cecil Chesterton) £4.00. A critique of the fraudulent parliamentary system. First written in 1911. This edition has a preface by Aidan Mackey.

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Recovery (Kerry Bolton) £2.30. The story of Gottfried Feder and how Germany broke out of the economic recession of the early 1930s.

Religious Attitudes of the Indo-Europeans (Prof. Hans Gunther) £7.95. Translated by the late Vivian Bird. A study of the pre-Christian faiths of our people.

Revisionist, The (Journal for Critical Historical Inquiry) £10.00 each. The first and third volumes of the latest findings of researchers into the 'Holocaust' and the issues that surround it. A must for all those involved in 'Holocaust' studies.

Silent Spring (Rachel Carson) £7.00. This was one of the first popular mainstream books to awaken many people to the importance of environmental issues.

Taxation and the People (Sir Oswald Mosley) £2.50. Proposals for a fairer system for all.

Teddy Bare (Zad Rust) £11.00. About the last of the Kennedy Brothers.

Temple of Wotan (Ron McVan) £18.50. The mysteries of antiquity and the ethnic spiritual mythos of the Euro-Pagan world explained with the ceremonies and rituals of Wotanism.

Thinkers of the Right: Challenging Materialism (Kerry Bolton) £12.50. Great writers and thinkers of the 20th century who supported the 'Radical Right'. Among the personalities covered are Evola, Marinetti, Williamson, Campbell, Yeats, Pound, Mishima and D.H. Lawrence.

Treblinka, Extermination Camp or transit Camp? (Carlo Mattogno & Jürgen Graf) £18.00. Yet another excellent work of modern revisionist scholarship. The official version of events within this wartime concentration camp is critically examined and shown to be a chain of absurdities.

Twins, Black and White (R. Travis Osborne) £14.95. A detailed study of 496 pairs of black and white twins, ranging in age from 12 to 20, with the results.

Usury (Hilaire Belloc) £2.25. A concise explanation of usury and its inherent evil.

Wealth, Virtual Wealth and Debt (Frederick Soddy) £6.75. An explanation of how money can become the servant of mankind instead of its master.

Spearhead and the Spearhead Group

Shortly before this issue was due to go to press, we were informed that the Spearhead Group, with which our magazine has worked in close collaboration for the past year, had reformed as the 'Nationalist Alliance'. It must be understood that the SG was never part of, or controlled by, the *Spearhead* organisation, nor the responsibility of or our editor, but made its own decisions and took its own initiatives.

The reason given for this change of name is that under the aegis of the Nationalist Alliance there will be scope for a wider range of activities than when the organisation was

known as the Spearhead Group.

We have to inform readers that this decision was made without our knowledge, and that we have not recommended it. However, now that it has been made it will be our policy not to regard the organisation with hostility but to maintain as cordial relations with it as are possible in the circumstances. We are advised that the Nationalist Alliance will not in the immediate future be a political party – a decision that we welcome, notwithstanding our other reservations. (See article by John Tyndall beginning on page 6).

LEGAL FUND: £2,070 RAISED

Contributions to our Legal Fund over the past month have raised the total to £2,070.00. Naturally, as with all such funds, donations taper off a bit after the period following the initial launch. However, readers will not need telling that a good deal more needs to be raised.

As readers will know, the fund has had to be opened to finance a civil action in the High Court against British National Party Chairman Nick Griffin for authorising the expulsion of our editor, John Tyndall, from the party. This happened a short time after Mr. Tyndall had announced his intention to make a constitutional challenge to Mr. Griffin for the party leadership.

All contributions should be marked 'Legal Fund' and sent to PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT.

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10-19 copies £1.10 each; 20-49 copies £1.00 each; 50-99 copies 83p each; 100-199 copies 69p each; 200-499 copies 60p each; 500 copies or over 55p each. For advice on postal rates for these quantities please contact our office.

All cheques and postal or money orders should be made out to *Spearhead* and sent to PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT. Please do not include payment for *Spearhead* in a remittance which includes payment for other items.

St. George's Day Social

(for nationalists in NW England)

BLACKBURN

Friday, 22nd April
7.00 p.m. until late
Free buffet and cash bar
All nationalist comrades welcome
For details ring 07833 677484

The Eleventh Hour

The Eleventh Hour has sometimes been described as the 'Bible' of British Nationalism. First published in 1988, it was updated in the 1998 edition to take in the many developments occurring on the political scene in the intervening years. Written by the founder of the British National Party, John Tyndall, the book gives comprehensive coverage of all the major current issues affecting Britain. It delves into the ideologies of liberalism, conservatism and the left, and also examines that of British Nationalism and its background. It contains an extensive analysis of the British economy and political system. It looks at issues connected with freedom and order, the mass media, the environment, race and immigration, Northern Ireland, the Commonwealth, foreign policy and defence. It also gives a detailed outline of the development of the BNP and its predecessor organisations in Britain.

The Eleventh Hour runs to 537 pages. It is partly autobiographical, giving an account of the author's origins, early political awakening and subsequent life's work.

Price: hardback £25.00 plus £4.78 p&p; softback £17.50 plus £3.75 p&p. Please make out cheques to Albion Press and send orders to PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT.



SUPERB MEETING IN THURROCK

Monday, 21st March saw some 60 people (many of them ex-East Enders and part of the white flight from London) fill a hall for the Thurrock BNP branch meeting. The stage was nicely decked with Union and St. George's flags, as BNP veteran and parliamentary candidate Chris Roberts opened the meeting. Chris, acting as chairman, gave a rundown on the week's national news stories in relation to our party, and informed everybody about the coming general election campaign.

Former BNP councillor for Millwall Derek Beacon was then presented with a framed photo-graph to honour him for his past services to racial nationalism, and he received a rapturous round of applause. Thurrock branch organiser John Cotter spoke next on local issues, telling those present about the madcap projects and vast spending undertaken by the local authority on ethnic minorities in South Essex. He was followed by one of the local BNP parliamentary candidates for the Basildon & East Thurrock constituency, Emma Colgate. She explained the need for more local members and supporters to get involved in the election campaign and also to help finance the leaflet production for the three seats being fought in the area.

Tess Culnane took to the microphone next and gave a passionate and splendid speech about preserving our race and culture, and continued with the theme of crime and disorder and how these affect society, and older people in particular, Mrs. Culnane ended by saying that there needs to be a renaissance of pride in our communities and nation. The crowd really warmed to this address, and she received cheers of appreciation.

A collection was then taken, which raised £160; and the branch treasurer Paul Merchant then gave a run-down of branch expenditures and current balance.

After a brief interval, former BNP National Organiser Richard Edmonds took the stage. Richard spoke of the treachery of the Labour, Tory and Lib-Dem political parties over the past five decades. He explained how Blacks had

Read Spearhead on the Internet!

The best articles and news items published in *Spearhead* in recent months can be seen on the *Spearhead* website. You can visit this site at:-

www.spearhead-uk.com



Thurrock: Tess Culnane presents Derek Beackon with a memento in recognition of his services to British Nationalism

rioted in North American cities during the Second World War, and the powers that were in this country must have known of the adverse affect of bringing a black 'workforce' here from 1948 onwards.

He then informed the good people of South Essex about the intolerable ethnic violent crime wave affecting South London, and held up local press reports to illustrate the facts. The captivated audience looked on in horror as he listed a whole catalogue of mayhem. But, said Richard: "There is a solution to all this

multi-racial madness. It's the BNP!" He continued: "We must implement a policy of repatriation and take our country back!" The whole packed audience were quick on their feet to give Richard a truly deserved standing ovation.

It was a pleasure to see so many young people in attendance at this memorable meeting.

Thurrock: Richard Edmonds speaks. Seated are Paul Merchant, John Cotter and Chairman Chris Roberts.



SPEARHEAD SUPPPORT FUND

Income from the sales of our magazine is not enough to cover full production and administrative costs. We therefore rely on regular donations from our supporters so that we may remain solvent.

Also, because of the controversial nature of the opinions expressed in these columns, it is impossible to induce wholesale distributers to handle the magazine. Hence another reason for our needing additional financial support.

Please send all contributions to *Spearhead*, PO Box 2471, Hove, East Sussex BN3 4DT. Please note that receipts are not normally sent for donations of less than £10 unless specifically requested – in which case an SAE would be appreciated. Thanks.

Now available to *Spearhead* readers, DVD highlights of the 2004 New Orleans EURO conference, including John Tyndall's speech and David Duke's keynote address



Leadership Conference – held in New Orleans, Louisiana, in May 2004. It was the most important and exciting Nationalist conference I have ever attended. It welcomed home David Duke, the most politically incorrect, yet charismatic figure in American politics, and it brought together for the first time the most important groups fighting for our heritage and freedoms. Courageous and eloquent leaders from America, Canada and Britain came together with a new sense of unity and purpose.

In addition to David Duke, perhaps the most straight speaking political figure in America, we had Kevin Strom of the National Alliance, Don Black – creator of Stormfront, the largest Nationalist website in the world, anti-immigration and free-speech leader Paul Fromm, former BNP chairman and editor of *Spearhead* magazine John Tyndall, Historian and publisher Germar Rudolf, Attorneyactivists Sam Dickson and Edgar Steele, columnist Bob Whittaker, Dr. Edward Fields editor of *The Truth At Last* and many others.

The three DVD's have 400 minutes of incredible talks on the critical issues facing America such as the illegal alien invasion, the disastrous Zionist influence upon the American media and government, and the catastrophe America faces in this Israeli-orchestrated Iraq War. You can have the full color, exciting DVDs of this dynamic event and you will get hours of truth and inspiration. It makes a great gift for you and your family and perfect for those who you want to awaken! – James Kelso

Vol 1 – Highlights of the opening address by David Duke plus cameos of speakers and highlights of speeches of Sam Dickson, Dr. Edward Fields and Kevin Strom. Also an excellent Q & A with Duke and Strom.

Vol 2 - Highlights of John Tyndall, Bob Whitaker, Germar Rudolf, Paul Fromm, and David Duke's keynote address.

Vol 3 – Highlights of Don Black, Willis Carto, Roy Armstrong, Edgar Steele, David Pringle, Howie Farrell, Kenny Knight, James Edwards, Michael Polignano, panel with Duke, Strom, Dickson, Fromm and Black. Closing speech by David Duke.



US and Canadian readers can order either DVDs or VHS Videos (\$19.95 each, or all three for only \$50.00 – post paid) of the conference direct from The David Duke Report, PO Box 188, Mandeville, LA 70470. Checks/Money orders should be made payable to *Duke Report*. You can also order by credit card and/or online at – www.davidduke.com

UK (and other non-American) readers can order DVD's ONLY (£12.00 each or all three for only £30.00 – postage free) from *Heritage and Destiny*, PO Box 331, Blackburn, BB1 2WU. Cheques/Postal Orders should be made payable to 'Heritage and Destiny'. Sorry no credit card orders.

Heritage and Destiny also sell a number of White Nationalist, Loyalist and England enamel pin badges. Please send a SAE for a copy of our latest catalogue, or check out our website at www.efp.org.uk. Send to Heritage and Destiny, PO Box 331, Blackburn, BB1 2WU, England.